

## GEN. HAIG'S DRIVE ROUNDS UP 7,000 GERMAN PRISONERS

Pushing on Through Storm,  
British Reach Outskirts  
Of Grandcourt

## SPIRITED ATTACK

Secures Can of 500 Yards  
Along Front of Five  
Thousand Yards

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 19.—Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters in France states that 7,000 prisoners have now been collected. The latest attack was a successful little enterprise by the Australians and others who captured 300 yards of trenches, south-east of Butte de Warlencourt.

General Sir Douglas Haig reported yesterday morning: "Our position was advanced north-east of Beaumont-Hamel and north of Beaucourt. The enemy heavily shelled Beaumont-Hamel and Hebuterne. We successfully raided a redoubt north of Ypres."

General Haig reported in the evening: "Despite storms, we advanced our front north and south of the Ancre, chiefly south, where we reached the outskirts of Grandcourt. We took 258 prisoners."

Eight enemy aeroplanes were driven down. Three of ours are missing.

General Haig reported this morning: "The night has been stormy. There has been no change on our front."

General Haig reported in the evening: "The situation is unchanged. On Saturday, in the region of the Ancre, we took 772 prisoners, making a total of 6,962 prisoners captured since the 13th instant."

## Valuable Gains

Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters states that, on the Somme front, on Saturday, a very spirited attack gave us further valuable gains. South of the Ancre, on a front of 5,000 yards, we advanced to a mean depth of 500 yards and penetrated the western outskirts of Grandcourt, where bomb-fighting is in progress.

On the extreme right of our main line of attack, we captured the high ground due south of Miraumont and, from there, our patrols pushed more forward towards the village and captured some prisoners. North of the Ancre, a corresponding advance was made.

Already, we have taken 600 prisoners as the result of the attack on the south bank.

A German official communique claims that German aeroplanes successfully bombed Furnes and the aerodrome at Cokyde, dropping 1,400 kilograms of explosives.

It says that the British effort to break through on both banks of the Ancre, which was prepared by a tremendous artillery bombardment, was shattered. Fighting is proceeding in Grandcourt.

The communique mentions the appearance of British cavalry in the region of the Ancre, in conjunction with continued and more violent firing. It alleges that the succeeding attack failed, except at a few points, but admits that the Germans were pressed back south-east of Serre and at Grandcourt and a few points further southward.

## French Drop 6 Aeroplanes

Paris, November 19.—The official communique issued yesterday afternoon reported: "On the Somme front, the weather is bad. The night was calm. Six aeroplanes were brought down there."

The communique in the evening reported: "A German attack east of Berny, south of the Somme, was repulsed by our artillery and grenades."

An air-squadron dropped 157 bombs on the German aerodrome at Gollancourt and Prisolles. 21 British sea-planes dropped 150 bombs on the electricity and naval works at Ostend, on the 17th. Zeppelins were also bombed.

The communique this evening stated that there was nothing to report, beyond a violent bombardment of the fort and region of Douaumont.

## H. R. Hertslet In Letter Tells Of Shanghai Lads at Front; Many Have Been Wounded

Gregory, Formerly of B. P. Scouts Here, "So Full of  
Shrapnel He Rattles," Likely to Get Captaincy

The following interesting letter has been received from Mr. Henry R. Hertslet of Shanghai, former Scout-master of Boy Scouts here, whose clever and spirited articles under the pen name of "Pathfinder" will be remembered by readers of THE CHINA PRESS. Mr. Hertslet is preparing to join the British army. His letter is dated London, October 18:

I arrived home on September 23, and found everything much the same as usual, barring the unending stream of khaki, and the unaccustomed darkness of London's streets at night. One of the first things which "snags" an Eastern man is the "non-treating" rule, and it is impossible to order a drink for yourself and friend; each has to pay for his own, and this is productive of considerable amusement—and I think rather encourages the "solitary drinking evil." However, as one cannot buy a drink before 6.30 p.m. and then only up till 9 o'clock at night, it cannot be denied that England is a better and soberer nation all through for this excellent rule. I have seen no signs of drunkenness yet at all, which is unusual.

I hadn't been a week at home before I ran into crowds of Shanghai fellows. The first I met were Nazer, Ralph and Dean. Nazer is trying to get into the motor transport department of the Army, and I think has his eye ultimately on "Tanks," and the two latter have already got to work with the Machine Gun Corps in view, though at present they have been put into an O.T.C. to train for it. I am told that you are expected to pass out in four months at the most, and should easily do the course in about 6 weeks. Llewellyn Jones was also looking fit, and merry and bright. He was home on leave.

I wandered shortly afterwards down to the Thatched House Club to pick up Mr. Carrill, and suddenly saw the cheery face of Gregory (a very old Shanghai friend, and formerly an officer in the B. P. Scouts in the early days) looking out of the window, enjoying a "cocktail" on his lonesome. He had been "strafed" about four times and simply "rattled" with shrapnel still, and other curios. He was all through the early part of the great Somme fight and is in the Machine Gun Corps (or the "Suicide Club" as it is cheerily called). He has a month's leave now so I expect I shall see a good deal more of him. He is trying, and I think with some success to help me get a nomination for the O.T.C. from whence I hope in time to emerge into the R. G. A. It seems the thing nowadays to join something in which you can plug the enemy from a "long way off," and sounds a good scheme, doesn't it? Cousins is home at I think and has short leave. By the bye, reverting to "Greg," he is I believe to get his captaincy shortly, and I should think he deserves it.

Lennox of the "Mih Ho Loong" also "blew in" to the Club a little

later and at that cheery place called "Simpson's," the rendezvous of all men from the East, we shortly afterwards barged into the wily Budgen now a cheery, red-faced Lieutenant on a submarine catcher. I hear he wants to get back to the muddy old Whangpoo again, but likes the present life and has seen much good work at sea and done some fine business. He looks atrociously fit.

We then met Alport of Shewans (who was in my section when the Hongkong Volunteer Scouts were first started), and he has also been wounded, but looked very pleased with himself over it all. A few days after, I met Molloy of the "Hongkew's" who had also "found it" and was on leave, then H. Martin, Davies, "Hookie Hall" of Hongkong, and many others afterwards "reported" at that rendezvous of all Eastern wanderers ("Simpson's").

The charming girl behind the counter has the cards and photos of nearly all the Shanghai men who have returned and can tell you where they are and just what they are doing at any time, and is a perfect registry office all on her own. She told me she knew "Kidd" Laurence very well, and can tell you all you want to know of every "Shanghaiander" who comes to London. Roach of the B. P. Scouts is also home now, and I just missed seeing him a few days ago. The place simply teems with men from the East. I saw in the papers yesterday that L. G. M. Kidd had been wounded, and am trying to locate him and will let you have all the news of him when found.

Since I have been home, I have seen 3 "Zepps" come down, and it is becoming quite monotonous. We are bagging them at the rate of one a week nearly, so I expect they will soon get fed up and cease to pay us visits. They really frighten nobody, and the majority of people when they hear guns firing at night simply turn over and go to sleep again. There is always a big crowd down to see the wreck of course, and the soldiers have been making bracelets and charms out of Zeppelin wire, which have been fetching big prices at patriotic sales, etc., for the benefit of the Red Cross. The supply of material nearly having run out, we are hoping a few more will come over and be "dropped," as the stuff makes a neat bracelet and rather an interesting little remembrance of their visit. These are about the only things "made in Germany" you can get here nowadays. The last Zepp, which fell about 10 days ago, made a nasty mess of itself, and was a fine sight coming down. I hear that "Eddy Brown" was "up aloft" after it and helped to bring it down in his aeroplane. I haven't yet heard whether it was one that Shanghai presented or not.

I saw Mr. Carrill off to Shanghai again last Saturday from Liverpool. There was a fierce gale on at the time. He is going via Canada and should soon be out East. I should (Continued on Page 2)

## Chicago Bank to Loan China Million Pounds

Lansing Notifies Intention Of  
State Department to Support  
Such Enterprises

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, November 18.—It is announced that the Continental Commercial Bank of Chicago has concluded a loan for \$1,000,000 with China. Secretary of State Lansing intimates that the State Department will support such enterprises.

Peking, November 20.—Reuter's Agency learns that a telegram from Washington states that Mr. Levy Mayer, representing the Chinese Government, has signed a loan contract with the Continental Bank and the Commercial National Bank of Chicago, for the amount of \$35,000,000, for a term of three years. The loan is understood to be a portion of a larger one of \$30,000,000. The bonds will be issued as soon as possible.

## 'TANKS' SAVE 20,000 LIVES

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 18.—Military experts at the front agree that the "tanks," by reducing machine-gun positions and other strong points, have saved at least 20,000 lives.

## Name Austrian Regent In Place of Emperor

To Proclaim Archduke Carl On  
Anniversary of Franz  
Joseph's Accession

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, November 18.—The German newspaper Vossische Zeitung states that, on December 2, the anniversary of the accession of Franz Josef, the Emperor of Austria, a proclamation will be issued appointing the Archduke Carl Franz Josef as Regent of Austria-Hungary.

## DODGE INCOME TAX

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 17.—Messrs. Farmer and Company, Australian merchants, have decided to remove their headquarters from London to Sydney, to avoid the double income-tax.

## TUTUH CHEN ARRIVING

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Canton, November 18.—General Chen Chung-ming, Tutuh of Kwangtung in 1913, will leave Canton for Shanghai on the 21st.

## Part of the Irish Brigade That Took Guillemont



This is an official British war photograph. Note the proud wearers of the German helmets in front.

## 2 MORE JAPANESE ARE SLAIN AT CHENCHIATUNG

Hayashi Lodges Protest Against  
Grand Canal Conservancy  
By Americans

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Peking, November 20.—According to the Shun-tan-jih-pao, two Japanese were killed by robbers on the 15th inst. near Tientsin, south-east of Chenchiatung.

The Board of Communications is just surveying three new telegraph lines, viz: Ta-chien-lu to Illi, Sui-yuan to Illi and Jehol to Aitai.

Another big meeting will be held next Sunday, in the Kiangsi Guild, in connection with the Laoshikail affair. Baron Hayashi, Japanese Minister to Peking, has lodged a protest against the conservancy of the Grand Canal in Shantung by American capitalists.

Last night, Hsu Shih-chang was the guest of Premier Tuan Chi-jui. Both statesmen are on very good terms and they are in harmony about the political situation.

## All German Railways For Army Transport

Ordinary Traffic Suspended For  
Three Days Owing to Over-  
whelming Pressure

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rotterdam, November 18.—The transport of trade and goods on the German railways has been suspended for three days, owing to "the overwhelming pressure due to the transport of provisions and war-material."

## Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:—  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano M. Nov. 22  
Per R.V.F. s.s. Penza ..... Nov. 24  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yamashiro M. Nov. 25  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yokohama M. Nov. 25  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Omi Maru Nov. 25  
For U.S., Canada, and Europe:—  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yokohama M. Nov. 26  
Per T.K.K. s.s. Korea M. Dec. 2  
For Europe:—  
Per P. and O. s.s. Malta Nov. 27  
Per M.M. s.s. Polynesien Nov. 30  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Katori M. Dec. 5  
Per M.M. s.s. Amazona Dec. 8

Mails to Arrive:—

The American mail is due on or about November 23, per P.M. s.s. Venezuela.

The French mail of October 15 is due at Hongkong on November 22, and here on November 25. Left Saigon on November 15 per M.M. s.s. Amazona.

The French mail of October 29 is due at Hongkong on December 1, and here on December 4. Left Port Said on November 5, per M.M. s.s. Athos.

## U.S. Businessmen And Capitalists Visit Here On Various Projects

Two Vice-Presidents of Tobacco  
Products Corporation In  
Group Studying China

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Shanghai just now is entertaining an important group of American businessmen and capitalists who arrived Saturday on the Peking and Pacific liner Empress of Asia. In the party which is stopping at the Astor House are Messrs. R. M. Ellis and James M. Dixon, vice-president of the Tobacco Products Corporation of New York, Mr. J. R. Ogden, of F. B. Keech and Co., Wall Street brokers and bankers, Mr. G. H. Harder, manufacturer of cast iron pipe and kindred products and Mr. George J. Whelan, organizer and founder of the United Cigar Stores Co.

Members of the party are here to look into various commercial and industrial projects. They intend to leave Shanghai for the North on Thursday of this week, visiting Tientsin and Peking and other northern centers.

The Tobacco Products Corporation which is a purely American company, specializing in various popular brands of Virginia and Turkish cigarettes, is at present engaged in opening agencies in various foreign countries. Shanghai headquarters have been established at No. 8 Peking Road, in charge of Mr. J. H. Moore who for many years has been engaged in the marketing of cigarettes in China. The company is getting into action in Australia and South America. It has bought a plant in England but owing to the war restrictions will not be able to start manufacturing there for the present. Its American and Cairo factories are going full blast.

Mr. Daniel G. Reid, President of the American Can Co., and very widely known for his railroad holdings, is President of the corporation. Vice-President Dixon is to an extent familiar with the China cigarette trade as, from 1890 to 1899, the period during which the American Tobacco Co. was engaged in introducing the American made cigarette into China, he was in the foreign department of that company.

## WHEAT SUPPLY LIABLE TO EXHAUSTION IN 1917

If Harvest Fails Again Only  
Chance for World Is To Re-  
lease Russian Stocks

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rome, November 19.—The report of the International Institute of Agriculture states that the world's wheat supply will be exhausted in 1917 if the harvest is again a failure, unless the stocks in Russia are released.

## MONASTIR IS IN HANDS OF ENTENTE'S TROOPS

Bulgars in Disorderly Flight Be-  
fore Servians; Greek National-  
ists Fight for British

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, November 19.—A French official communique reports: "The Allied troops entered Monastir this morning."

Desperate Bulgarian counter-attacks in the Czerna loop were repulsed by the Servians. The enemy are retreating in disorder northward.

An official despatch from Salonica, yesterday, reported: "On the left bank of the Struma, at Barakli, the British repulsed a violent Bulgarian counter-attack."

East of the Czerna, the Servians captured some trenches to a depth of 800 meters. In the bend of the Czerna, the Servians stormed a height north-west of Iven, the Bulgars and Germans losing heavily.

On the Plain of Monastir, we made progress towards Monastir, reaching the approaches to Kanina.

London, November 18.—An official despatch from Salonica reports: "We consolidated the ground gained in the Struma Valley and pushed forward our advanced posts successfully. We bombed an advanced post north-east of Seres."

A Servian official communique reports: "The enemy, in their flight on the Czerna front, left all their equipment, numerous machine-guns and rifles and enormous quantities of cartridges and stores."

A German official communique acknowledges the evacuation of Monastir, but claims that progress was made against the Rumanians.

A Bulgarian official communique states that the Allies renewed their attack in the Czerna loop and failed.

Athens, November 18.—Greek Nationalist troops co-operated with the British at the occupation of Damoula and captured 400 Bulgarians.

## Partial Settlement Of Australian Strike

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Melbourne, November 17.—The coal strike conference has concluded. The miners' representatives recommended the resumption of work, on the conditions existing before the strike, but stipulate that the Hon. Henry Higgins shall adjudicate and that an early ballot shall be arranged. A partial resumption of work forthwith is probable.

## The Weather

Fine weather. The maximum temperature recorded yesterday was 64.4 and the minimum 40.7, the figures for the corresponding day last year being respectively 61.7 and 42.3.

## DEUTSCHLAND PUTS BACK, HAVING SUNK TUG IN COLLISION

Damage to Submarine Not  
Mentioned; Seven Men  
Drowned

## SUIT FOR \$12,000

German Embassy at Wash-  
ington Frantic at De-  
lay Caused

## OFFICIAL MAILS

Highly Important Letters;  
Cargo, Too, is Urgent-  
ly Needed

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

New London, Conn., November 17.

The German submarine, Deutschland has returned to port, owing to a collision with the tug which was escorting her. Seven of the crew of the tug were drowned. The damage done to the Deutschland is not stated.

The sole survivor from the tug is the Captain of the interned Nord-Deutscher-Lloyd s.s. Neckar.

The owners of the sunken tug have instituted an action for G. \$12,000 against the Deutschland for colliding with the tug.

Strict secrecy is being observed concerning the condition of the Deutschland.

Washington, November 18.—The German Embassy is frantic, declaring that the official mail on board the Deutschland is very important and her cargo is urgently needed in Germany.

## 'NO POWER ON EARTH CAN CONQUER RUSSIA'

Declares War Minister, When  
Duma Assured of Fight  
To a Finish

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, November 17.—In the Duma, today, amid great enthusiasm, the Minister of War detailed the enormous increase in Russia's output of munitions since January 1, 1915. He declared: "We shall conquer. No power on earth is capable of conquering Russia."

The Minister of Marine repeated: "The war will be waged to the end" and took his place by the side of the Minister of War, whereupon the members rushed from their seats and surrounded the Ministers, cheering frantically.

M. Rodicheff said that such profound and useful words have rarely been spoken. The army will fight to the end. The Duma desires nothing else and has only been assembled to further that object.

## Munition Hands Have Insufficient Victualing Hindenburg Complains

Scores Sluggish Officials; Big  
Changes Necessary to Over-  
come Terrible Crisis

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, November 18.—A letter from Marshal von Hindenburg, Chief of the General Staff, to the Imperial German Chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, which has been published in Germany, declares that Germany is facing a terrible crisis and great changes are necessary to overcome it. Von Hindenburg denounces the failure of the food department to feed munition-workers adequately, the greed of the agrarians in refusing to give up their products and the sluggishness of officials, who do not realise that this is a war of life or death.



## Chinese Government Sues Its Opium Agent In British Court Here for \$600,000

Remarkable Case Raising New Points Opened Before  
Sir H. de Sausmarez; Execution of Former  
Opium Commissioner Involved

One of the most remarkable cases in recent court history in China came on in the British Supreme Court yesterday, before Sir Haviland de Sausmarez, Chief Judge. The Government of the Republic of China is the plaintiff and it is suing Tsai Hui-yuen, acting Special Envoy for Opium Suppression, for the recovery of \$600,000 Mex.

According to the affidavit of the defendant, his brother who preceded him in the office of Envoy for Opium Suppression, while on a visit to Canton obtained authority from the Government to raise \$600,000 by loans for the payment of the Government troops there—Lung Chi-kwang's soldiers.

Afterwards, Tsai Nai-huang, defendant's brother, was executed by order of Lung Chi-kwang, and defendant sets forth that he withdrew from the money paid into him by the Opium Combine, under the agreement with the government, the sum necessary to liquidate the debt of \$600,000 contracted by his brother.

Many interesting legal questions are involved. The particulars of the claim were as follows:—To amount of weekly contribution payable by the Shanghai Opium Combine between May 13, 1916 and July 22, 1916 collected by the defendant, \$600,000.

Mr. G. H. Wright appeared for the plaintiffs, and Mr. R. N. Macleod, with Mr. J. O. Anderson, for the defendant.

Mr. Wright said the writ in this case was specially endorsed and had been taken out under rule 100. In support of the claim the following affidavit had been filed under rule 101:—

1. Wong Che-shwny, a Chinese subject, Special Envoy for Opium Suppression of 135 Bubbling Well Road, Shanghai in China affirm and say:—

1.—I am the accredited representative of the Plaintiffs and as special envoy for opium suppression am entrusted with the collection for account of the Plaintiffs of the weekly contributions payable by the Shanghai Opium Combine under an Agreement dated the 1st day of May, 1915 made between Tsai Nai-huang on behalf of the Plaintiffs of the one part and The Shanghai Opium Combine of the other part.

2.—The Defendant was on or about the 11th day of April, 1916 appointed Acting Special Envoy for opium suppression and continued to occupy such appointment until the 16th day of September, 1916 when I was appointed Special Envoy for opium suppression.

3.—The Defendant is justly and truly indebted to the Plaintiffs in the sum of \$600,000, in respect of weekly contributions payable by the Shanghai Opium Combine between May 15, 1916 and July 22, 1916 collected by the Defendant for the use of the Plaintiffs and was so indebted at the commencement of this action. The particulars of the said claim appear by the indorsement on the Writ of Summons in this Action.

4.—I verily believe that there is no defence to this action.

5.—I am duly authorised by the Plaintiffs to make this affidavit and it is within my own knowledge that the said debt was incurred and is still due and owing, such knowledge being obtained from accounts received by me from the Defendant and from accounts and correspondence received by the Plaintiffs from the Defendant.

On that affidavit, Mr. Wright asked for judgment with costs.

Mr. Macleod said the defendant had also filed an affidavit, which was as follows:—

1. Tsai Hui-yuen of Shanghai hereby affirm and say:—I am the defendant in this action.

On or about April 29, 1915, my brother Tsai Nai-huang was appointed by the Chinese Government special envoy for the suppression of opium in the provinces of Kiangsu, Kiangse and Kwangtung in China.

On or about May 1, 1915, the said Tsai Nai-huang as such envoy and on behalf of the Chinese Government entered into an agreement with the Shanghai and Hongkong Opium Merchants' Combine whereby it was agreed (inter alia) that the said Combine should pay to the Chinese Government a contribution of \$3,500 per chest of Indian Opium taken delivery of from the said Combine during the term of such agreement and that the said Combine should make payment to the said government through its duly authorised representative, the said envoy, on every Saturday morning during the term of the contribution on all opium taken delivery of during the preceding week.

On or about August 12, 1915, the said Tsai Nai-huang left Shanghai to proceed to Canton for the purpose of dealing with certain opium affairs connected with his said office.

On or about March 14, 1916, the

province of Kwangse declared its independence.

At or about the same time revolution and rebellion were imminent and threatening in the province of Kwangtung and General Lung Chi-kwang, the Chiangchun or military governor of the said province, was in difficulties as to how to meet the danger and in particular as to finding sufficient monies for the payment of Government troops.

On or about March 13, 1916, the said Tsai Nai-huang obtained authority from the Chinese Government to raise monies for the payment of the government's troops in Canton and to utilize public funds for such purpose.

Acting on the last mentioned authority the said Tsai Nai-huang proceeded forthwith to negotiate for and did borrow monies amounting in all to \$600,000 for the purpose of paying the said troops, intending and relying on the above mentioned authority to repay such monies out of the contributions to be received from the said combines under the said agreement of May 1, 1915.

On or about April 7, 1916, the province of Kwangtung declared its independence and the said Tsai Nai-huang was detained by the said Lung Chi-kwang.

On or about April 10, 1916, I was appointed special envoy for the suppression of opium temporarily.

On or about April 24, 1916, the said Tsai Nai-huang was shot by order of the said Lung Chi-kwang.

The weekly contributions payable by the said Opium Combines between May 13 and July 22, 1916, were collected by me and as to \$600,000 thereof were retained and applied in repayment of the monies borrowed as aforesaid.

On or about May 15, 1916, I informed the Chinese Government of the intention to retain the said contributions for such purpose and on or about July 22, 1916, I reported to the said Government that the said sum of \$600,000 had been retained and applied as aforesaid.

Mr. Macleod added that the wording of rule 101 was almost exactly the same as at home, and the general principle in the White Book was well known, viz. that leave to defend must be given unless there was no substantial defence. He submitted, on the affidavit just read, that there were matters clearly triable, and that defendant was entitled to "unconditional leave."

Mr. Wright was proceeding to argue that he was entitled to judgment when his Lordship intervened, and said that while he fully concurred in what counsel had said he thought this was a case in which he must order pleadings.

Mr. Macleod then applied for further security for costs. The sum of \$250 had already been deposited, and he suggested that \$750 more be put up by the plaintiffs, with leave to apply at a later date.

Mr. Wright said that on this point, the question would arise of the jurisdiction of the Court to require the plaintiffs to deposit security at all. The rule spoke of a foreigner, and counsel referred his Lordship to a case, many

years ago, in which the Japanese Government were suing.

His Lordship—Do you say your client is not a foreigner?

Mr. Wright—No.

His Lordship—Then how can you sue under article 151 at all?

Mr. Wright—I don't quite know, my Lord.

His Lordship—You clearly have got to sue, but I think you have got to come in as a foreigner.

His Lordship added that if there was any doubt on the matter he would prefer not to make an order. He suggested to Mr. Wright that his clients should undertake to pay any additional costs that might be involved.

Mr. Wright—Will your Lordship allow me time in which to take instructions on the point?

His Lordship—Yes, I am anxious not to make an order, as a matter of courtesy if for no other reason. If your clients will give an undertaking I prefer not to consider the point.

Mr. Wright said he would apply at a later date, and the court then rose.

## H. R. Hertslet Tells Of Shanghai Lads

(Continued from Page 1)

have liked to be coming back to good old Shanghai with him, and will if all's well after the war.

I have been paying a few visits down in Devonshire and Cornwall lately, and the following yarn may interest you as it is perfectly true, being an actual experience of mine:—

I met an aged farmer of 75 years in a country lane on a very wet day, and got into conversation with him—the topic of conversation being of course the "weather" as it always is. After telling me that he walked his ten miles a day "reglar" to his work, I asked him what he thought of the war. He replied "What war?" I said "Don't you know we're fighting the Germans?" and he replied in his almost unintelligible old Devonshire accent "Zure—e doant say zo! Zur, well—well—" then he added as an afterthought, "But they've got a brave bad day for it Zur, ave't they?"

"Which, I must say, left me too weak to explain, and I wandered on leaving the old chap to fog out the realities if he could of the great 'news' I had imparted to him. And I hear there are lots more like him too, who haven't even 'heard of a war.' But then, in a county where I myself met several people who had never even been in a train, and certainly haven't enough imagination to conjure up visions of an aeroplane or any of 'these yer new-fangled things,' unaided, such things are always possible.

The price of sugar is the only thing that seems to have altered in the general cost of things, and I hear you can't buy more than about 1 lb. at a time and then you must buy something else with it. Oh—that and the neat "dinky" little lady motor bus conductors and girl ticket collectors who meet you every where, and are such an improvement on the former surly men they have superseded, "during the duration," otherwise London is just the same, barring the lights—and you would hardly know a war existed at all. Everyone seems to have plenty of money to spend and the theaters and swell restaurants were certainly never so crowded as nowadays, especially by thousands of superbly turned out and fit looking young officers just home to "plight" for a short spell and determined to "make things hum" while they can. Extravagance seems to me greatly to exceed anything I have seen in pre-war days, and chow and good things are as plentiful as ever, perhaps more so. For which "God Bless the Navy," and so say all of us.

By the way, if the "Battle of the Somme" film reaches Shanghai, be sure and see it.

## London Restaurants' Luxury Undiminished

Costly Menus and Champagne  
Universal; Runciman Will  
Interview Proprietors

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 17.—The food regulations have been gazetted. They empower the Board of Trade to prohibit waste of any article; to decide what is waste; to limit the use of any article; to regulate the manufacture, production and manner of supplying the public; market operations; to fix maximum prices; to commandeer stocks on terms to be subsequently fixed by an arbitrator; and to verify returns relating to stocks, contracts, cost, etc.

Mr. Walter Runciman, on the 22nd, will meet the restaurant-keepers, to discuss economic questions. Descriptions published in the newspapers of the London restaurants, yesterday evening, state that their luxury is undiminished. The food palaces are crowded with glittering throngs. Costly menus and champagne are universal. Mr. J. H. Whitley, Deputy Speaker of the House of Commons, is the latest tip for the post of Food Controller.

## RUSSIANS NEAR SARNY FELL SUPER-ZEPPELIN

Capture 16 Men, 3 Guns, 2 Maxim  
Guns and Six Hundredweight  
Of Bombs

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, November 18.—Near Sarny, the Russians have brought down a super-Zeppelin, capturing the crew of 16, three guns, two machine-guns and 6 cwt. of bombs.

## MOTONO IN TOKIO

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Tokio, November 20.—Viscount Dr. Motono, Minister of Foreign Affairs, has arrived at Tokio. He was received by very prominent officials. He will probably be installed on the 21st instant.

Viscount Motono, interviewed en route to Tokio, declined to discuss diplomatic relations, but expressed in the strongest terms the sincerity of the rapprochement with Russia and approval of the attitude of Japan against Germany in the Far East. It is notable that Viscount Motono said that Japan entered the war not for sentimental reasons, but because it was obviously the only course for Japan in her own interest.

## Constanza Gradually Being Won Back Again

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, November 18.—The enemy are gradually being dislodged from Constanza.

## First Serb Minister To U.S. is Appointed

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, November 18.—M. Mitrailovitch has been appointed the first Serbian Minister to the United States.

## President Li's Advisor Visits Chekiang and Decorates Governor

David Z. T. Yui Delivers Lectures  
to Large Audiences;  
Goes Next To Changsha

Special Correspondence of The China Press

Hangchow, November 20.—Du Tzu-yuan, Military advisor to President Li Yuan-hung, is in Hangchow whither he has come formally to confer on Military and Civil Governor Lu Kong-vang the orders of merit recently ordered by the president.

Ten students from the School of Forestry of Nanking University are now in the interior of this province investigating the forestry conditions in the upper courses of the Chien Tang River. Prof. Baile, dean of the school, is in Hangchow representing the interests of that institution.

Tsai Yuen-pel, former Minister of Education and one of the most distinguished scholars of China, is visiting his brother in Hangchow and meanwhile delivering numerous lectures before various bodies. He has only recently returned from France and on Thursday afternoon he addressed a mammoth audience in the West Lake Theater on the War in Europe. This morning he speaks in the Girls' Industrial School and this afternoon he speaks in the First Normal School.

Arrangements are being made for a Memorial Service next month to be held in honor of the late Generals Tsai Ao and Hwang Haing. The service will be held in the Tsong Lih Dz (Memorial Hall) on West Lake.

Three important church conferences take place in Chekiang this week. The half yearly conference of the Church Missionary Society is meeting in Ningpo and a number of representatives from Hangchow are in attendance. The executive committee of the Central China Mission of the Presbyterian Church meets here tomorrow. The bi-ennial conference of the China Inland Mission Workers of this province opens on Wednesday. One hundred delegates, both Chinese and foreigners, will be in attendance as representatives of the twenty-seven centers of work in the province.

On Sunday there will be a celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of C. I. M. work in Hangchow. On the following day the fortieth year of Pastor Ren Ts-chin's continuous service in the pastorate will be celebrated, all the churches of the city participating in the event. During these forty years Pastor Ren has developed a large and vital movement out of which have grown a number of strong, self-supporting churches.

The cause of popular education has had right of way in the thought and attention of the city during the past week. Mr. David Z. T. Yui's lecture, delivered before more than ten successive audiences, has focussed attention on this subject. The big Yih Ho Lecture Hall has been the center of these gatherings. Day after day the hall has been crowded. That such crowds should come together to listen to a lecture on education is significant; that Mr. Yui was able in every instance to hold his audience spell bound for nearly two hours to his presentation of this subject indicates at once his power as a speaker

and the popular interest in this important theme. More than thirty schools sent their student bodies to attend the lecture on successive days. Special meetings for other special groups, such as officials, military men, police, mothers, church members, editors, teachers, etc., were well attended. The vernacular newspapers have devoted large space every day to the lectures. Mr. Yui left this morning for Shanghai. His next lecture engagement will be in Changsha.

## NIGERIAN SALE

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 16.—The Nigerian sale (7 of cotton) reached a total of £382,655. The buyers were mostly Liverpool firms.

## London Thought Fire Was Another Zep. Down

Stafford Northcote's Warehouse  
In St. Paul's Churchyard  
Is Burnt Out

Reuter's Service

London, November 19.—A huge warehouse in St. Paul's Churchyard, owned by the well-known dry-goods firm of Stafford Northcote and Company, was gutted by fire yesterday evening. Search-lights were played on the flames to assist the firemen, who were hampered by the darkness. Thousands of people motored from the West End, thinking that the glare meant that another Zeppelin had been brought down.

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INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twenty-two per cent, or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirty-seven per cent, or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!

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"Castoria is good for children and I frequently prescribe it, and always obtain the desired result." F. GERALD BLATTNER, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

"A medicine so valuable and beneficial for children as your Castoria is deserving the highest praise. I find it in use everywhere." J. S. ALEXANDER, M. D., Omaha, Neb.

"Have used your Castoria on various occasions in suitable cases and have found it a palatable and efficient laxative, especially in the various diseases of childhood." CHAS. EDWARD GARDNER, M. D., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Your Castoria is a splendid remedy for children. I know the world over. I use it in my practice and have no hesitancy in recommending it for the complaints of infants and children." J. A. BOAKMAN, M. D., Kansas City, Mo.

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the prices of most utilities, which have advanced very considerably during the period of the war, will gradually show a decline. Land, however, in the International Settlement and the French Concession, which has remained at a comparatively low price during the war, will not show any downward tendency, but will rapidly INCREASE IN VALUE.

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## TSAR'S PREMIER DENIES 'SEPARATE PEACE' TALK

No Secret Negotiations With Germany; Russia's Decision Is Irrevocable

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
Paris, November 17.—The Russian Premier, telegraphing to the Russian Ambassador in Paris, denies "the absurd rumors that secret negotiations are proceeding between Russia and Germany, with a view to a separate peace." He says that Russia intends to fight the common enemy beside her brave Allies unfalteringly till final victory and no hostile intrigue will weaken Russia's irrevocable decision.

## ITALIANS SUCCESSFUL

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
Rome, November 19.—An official communique yesterday reported: There have been bombardments along the line of advanced points on Carso. Yesterday, a strong attack made by the enemy, westward of Bertolizza, was driven back in disorder. Heavy snow-falls are hindering our operations elsewhere.

An official communique today reported: A counter-attack drove off the enemy at Sano. We decisively repulsed the enemy on the Palpicolo front.

After stubborn hand-to-hand fighting, we wiped out small detachments of the enemy who had penetrated to Chapot Summit.

## FRENCH RED CROSS

### Thirty Prizes To Be Raffle

An appeal is made to the public for a lottery to be drawn in December in aid of the French Red Cross Hospital No. 33 in Lyons, in which Mrs. P. Legendre, from Shanghai, is serving as a Red Cross nurse. There are 30 prizes to be raffled, all being articles manufactured by the wounded French soldiers treated in the above hospital. They consist of most useful things, such as ladies' bags, wool-sweaters, bed covers, all very tastefully made and which, as Christmas is coming, may be most valuable gifts.

All the articles are now on view at Mrs. Magy's dress shop, "Au Chic Parisien," 50 Klange Road, where tickets, at \$1.00 each, are obtainable.

## Shipping Bulletins

The S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru, from Dalm, brings news that part of the order for railway locomotives, as placed by the French Indo-Chinese Railway with the South Manchuria Railway workshops, at Shafokou was finished recently. Those completed were subjected to a trial run recently, and the first consignment of the same is to be shipped by the M.B.K. chartered s.s. Takaosan Maru, which is expected to leave Dalm either today or tomorrow. We understand that the above is the first order received from abroad and executed by the workshop.

In shipping circles it is reported that the Osaka Shosen Kaisha has now in contemplation the opening of new steamship services to the South Sea Islands, with steamers of 13,000 tons, starting from Hongkong and Singapore.

The Osaka Shosen Kaisha has brought an action against the Nippon Yusen Kaisha for damages amounting to Yen 4,979 at the Tokio District Court. The N.Y.K. s.s. Matsuyama Maru ran into the O.S.K. s.s. Miyajima Maru at Moll on May 25 last and inflicted damage on the latter in the bow. Hence the suit.

## British Premier Inspects Captured German Shells



Official war photograph shows Mr. Asquith looking over an assortment of ammunition captured during the recent advance on the Somme.

## Indian Border Rebels Get Severe Drubbing

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
London, November 18.—An official despatch from India reports: We engaged Mohmand forces, estimated to number 6,000, on the border of the North-West Frontier Province, opposite Shubkadr, on the 16th. The enemy lost 100 killed or severely wounded.

## MR. KUROSAWA'S SHOW

Special Correspondence of the China Press  
Soochow, November 18.—The Commissioner of Customs, Mr. Kurosawa, invited the foreign community and the local gentry and officials out to his home this afternoon to see the chrysanthemums which won such favorable comment and many prizes at the recent show in Shanghai. The flowers were massed in groups, the ones which featured in Shanghai being the center of attraction. After viewing the flowers, the visitors were invited in to refreshments and as they were leaving, each of the guests was given a bunch of cut chrysanthemums.

## Sun Yat Sen Objects To Council Elders

Dr. Sun Yat-sen in a personal telegram to President Li Yuan-hung objects to the establishment of the Kuo Lao-yuan (Council of Elders) which, as reported, is to consist of 10 men who must have rendered great service to the country. The telegram points to the example of foreign countries, and explains that in China, the foundation of which has not yet been well established, the more offices of honor created the more trouble will ensue. The President has replied saying that the matter has been passed by a Cabinet meeting, and has now been sent to the National Assembly for approval.

## PASS DEATH SENTENCE ON SULTAN OF EGYPT

Turks Declare He Must Die For Placing Country Under Foreign Rule

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
Amsterdam, November 17.—The Sultan of Turkey has confirmed the sentence of death passed by a Turkish tribunal on the Sultan of Egypt, on the ground that he has placed parts of Turkey under foreign rule.

## Neutral Zone to Keep Greek Camps Separate

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
London, November 17.—Reuter's Agency learns that the proposal made by the Entente for a neutral zone between the Royalists and Venizelists in Greece has been accepted in principle.

## TSAR THANKS COUNCIL

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
Petrograd, November 17.—The Emperor of Russia, in a telegram to the Council of State, thanks them for their unanimous decision to sacrifice everything for the sake of final victory.

## PRESIDENTIAL MANDATES

Education and industry are the foundation stones of a nation. Chinese abroad having the chance to associate with educated foreign people have obtained many useful accomplishments in these lines and should serve as good examples to the nation's people at home. They ought to be rewarded. The Ministry of Education and the Ministry of Agriculture and Commerce are instructed to reward them according to the good work that they have done for the public of their native land.

Sung Han-chang, Director of the Bank of China, Shanghai branch, is given the Third-Class Chia-Ho decoration.

## Vote Women Places In Dutch Legislature

(Reuter's Service)  
Amsterdam, November 17.—The Dutch Second Chamber has decided to make women eligible for membership of the States General.

## EAST AFRICA CAMPAIGN

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
London, November 18.—An official communique concerning the operations in East Africa reports: The enemy, on the 8th, attacked and invested a small British post at Malangali. A column from the Ruhundje River attacked the enemy in the rear, defeating and dispersing them.

## A TRAGEDY OF WOMANHOOD.

Every young woman must recognize that the likelihood of a happy marriage is enhanced by cultivating robust, regular health; and that ill-health accounts for many of the bitter tragedies of matrimony. Again, it goes without saying that men are naturally attracted by perfection of figure, clear, rosy complexion, bright eyes and vivacity. There is, however, no need for pale, delicate girls to despair. It is, indeed, to the anemic, despondent girls that this article is addressed—those who endure, without complaining, continual headaches and backaches, those who are always tired, troubled with palpitation and have no appetite for meals. For no woman can possess full health and the charm of her sex unless rich, red blood flows through her veins, and it is in making new, good blood, and thus helping the girl whose strength and good looks are failing that Dr. Williams' pink pills are so successful. There are thousands of healthy, happy women who admit today that these blood-enriching pills have been a boon to them when ill-health threatened their future.

So to those who suffer today, the advice is to begin a course of Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people without delay. They can be obtained of any dealer, or, post free, 1 bottle \$1.50, 6 bottles \$8, from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

Free—"Plain Talks to Women" is the title of a helpful booklet, offered free to all who send a postcard to the above address.

## PASSPORT PHOTOS

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## HOSIERY MAKERS WANT ORDER MADE PERMANENT

Japanese Manufacturers Not Satisfied With Temporary Suspension by Great Britain

Tokio, November 14.—Even the step of the British government in suspending the ban on the importation of cotton hosiery until the first of next year does not seem to meet with the entire satisfaction of the Japanese manufacturers. The order was lifted last Saturday for the rest of the year after many resolutions, messages and appeals of various forms had been sent from Japan.

But yesterday Mr. Maikawa and five other men representing the executive committee of the Japanese hosiery manufacturers visited Mr. Ito, chief of the Commercial Section of the Department of Agriculture and Commerce, and declared they wanted the order withdrawn for all time. They asked the authorities to extend their efforts to make the suspension permanent.

## New Chinese Daily Here Registered at Hongkong

A Chinese daily called the New Shun Pao made its appearance yesterday. The managing editor is Mr. Sih Tsu-pie, who was connected formerly with the old Shun Pao. The policy of the new paper is not announced. It is incorporated at Hongkong and is said to be the first Chinese daily registered under the British laws.

## Chinese Press Reports

General Chang Hsun has received over \$400,000 presented by friends and inferior officials as a gift on his birthday.

The Cabinet has despatched a telegram to Tan Yen-kai, Tschun of Hunan, who is now at Shanghai, ordering him to return to Hunan as quickly as possible.

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SPORTS Latest News of Athletic World GOSSIP

Football

**Mr. A. M. A. Hansen's XI v. Willows**  
This game took place at the Hong-kew Recreation Ground Sunday. Mr. Hansen's team, largely composed of league players, was beaten after a very interesting game.

Shortly after the start, Gutierrez handled the ball. Witsack took the kick for the Willows and placed the ball very near the goal; after a short scrimmage Sofoulis scored the first goal for the Willows. No other goal was scored during the first half.

Immediately after the restart, Mr. Hansen's forward line made a determined attack on the Willows' citadel, and as the result of corner kicks, Leitao and Vieira each scored a goal. Roberts scored the 3rd goal for Mr. Hansen's team from a melee in front of goal. With only a quarter of an hour left, it looked as if the Willows would lose the game.

When the ball was again placed in motion, the Willows, led by Sofoulis, made a brilliant attack on the opposing goal, and V. Collaco scored for the Willows. The score standing at 3-2 in favor of Mr. Hansen's team, was quickly equalized by C. Passos off the opposing goal, who fumbled the ball. Passos shortly afterwards added the winning goal by again bumping the goal, with the ball, through his own goal.

The opposing defence collapsed under this fierce attack, and before the game ended two more goals were scored for the Willows by Corte-Real and Sofoulis respectively.

In connection with the above, it may be interesting to note that the Willows have had a series of successes lately, having beaten the Fuh Tan College (twice), the Jewish Recreation Club, and Medhurst College.

The Willows are well able to put up two teams and judging from yesterday's game, it appears that they are equal to any Second League team; communications re football matches may be sent to the Club, No. 1-6 Haskell Road.

**Medhurst College v. The Willows**  
This game took place last Saturday on the College ground and ended in a win for the Willows by 4 goals to 1. The Medhurst boys opened the scoring with a low grounder. Then ensued evenly contested mid-field play. Half time came with no further scoring.

On resumption of play the Willows attacked with might and main. One of the Medhurst players handled the ball just outside the penalty area and from the free kick Witsack converted. Ozorio soon followed with two goals. The fourth and last goal of the game was shot by Sofoulis.

**Soochow Academy Wins**  
Special Correspondence in the China Press

Soochow, Ku., Nov. 18.—In a fast, clean game this morning Soochow Academy won the annual football match from Mahan School of Yangchow by five goals to zero. The northern boys were expected to come back and avenge their defeat of last year, but Soochow Academy's superior speed and team-work were too much for their heavier and slower opponents. This annual game has come to attract considerable attention among middle schools of this province. Mahan School takes a leading part in athletics in the northern part of the Province. Both schools are preparatory schools for St. John's University. Yesterday afternoon Soochow Academy won from their northern rival in tennis, both singles and doubles, in straight sets. The football teams lined up as follows:—

Mahan School:—Goal-keeper Mo Da-yuan, R. Full-back Kah Ming-kyu (Capt.), L. Full-back Mei Su, Center Tan Kai-ling, R. Half-back Wei Pong-sun, L. Half-back Li Ta-yu, Right wing Tseu Tse-kung, Right inner Li Hah-lin, Center forward Liu Koh-chiang, Left inner Tai Yu-sung, Left wing Faung I-chieh, Substitute Chang Teh-ming.

Soochow Academy:—Goal-keeper Zau Ing-poo, R. Full-back Tsiang Kya-tah, L. Full-back Liu Yau-sung, Center Tsi Ge-choh (Capt.), R. Half-back Yoen Tsiu-zien, L. Half-back Yui Foh-nyoen, Right wing Koo Yung-zien, Right inner Bang Kwe-noen, Center forward Sh Sing-zen, Left inner Zau Sh-zen, Left wing Wong Ping-kyien, Substitutes: Lien Siang-zung, Tsiang Hyung-ting and Zi Nyoen-tsh.

**Soochow University Loses**  
Special Correspondence in the China Press

Soochow, November 18.—This afternoon a very pretty game of football was played between the Shanghai German School and Soochow University on the local grounds. The play was very even throughout the game. The first half ended without a score for either side. The second half began with very vigorous plays by both sides. Soochow won the first goal and then

their opponents scored one after a short while, and this was soon followed by the second one. This gave the victory to the visiting team by a score of 2 to 1.

The game was clean and manly throughout and was well refereed by Mr. White of Soochow.

**S.N.R. v. B.A.T.**  
The above match was played on Markham Road ground on Saturday and although the Bats were victorious by 5-0, the game was very clean and evenly fought.

The teams were not out at full strength. The forwards, at times, were erratic and the Railway men should have scored more than once, except that poor shooting marred this game. After fifteen minutes play, the Bats settled down and scored their first goal through Rull, from a nicely placed corner by Simmons. This put more life into the game and both goals were repeatedly visited. The visitors got going again and a nice bit of combination between Rull and Norris allowed the latter to score. The whistle sounded the half and the Tobaccoists were two goals up.

The second half saw better football played and the Railway men, on many occasions, ran the ball up to the goal and their poor shooting robbed them of scoring. The Bats settled down to a combination game, which gave them the opportunity of scoring three goals in quick succession—Norris twice and Rull once.

For the losers, Manley, Kay, Quincey, Cheatham and the left backs played well, and for the winners, the backs, Hansen and Watson, gave a good display of football, while in the forward line, Rull, Norris, Simmons and Emamooden showed up well.

Mr. Billington had the game in hand.

**Nanyang Beats Hangchow**  
Special Correspondence in the China Press

Hangchow, November 20.—Hangchow College met defeat yesterday at the hands of Nanyang University in a spirited game of football. The playing during the first half was close but in the second half the local team gave way before the onslaughts of the seasoned players from Sha-zhai. The final score was 9 to 1. Nanyang also captured two straight wins from Hangchow in tennis, singles and doubles.

BILLIARDS

**"The Wanderers" Handicap**  
The first game in the second round of "The Wanderers" Handicap at the Astor House produced a ding-dong struggle last night in which Gram just failed to beat Mitchell, the finishing score being 250-284. Mitchell won out on a fluke, the white sliding in off when a pot was expected.

The first round results completed are:—  
Pearson beat Tanberg (237).  
Harborne beat Graham (239).  
Wootton beat Robinson (174).  
Ashurst beat Norman (134).  
Goldenberg (walk-over).  
Lamaroux beat Holliday (163).  
Dewing beat Parry (219).  
Mitchell beat Hutchinson (192).  
Gram beat Reid (220).  
Sternberg beat Ellis (224).

Shanghai Golf Club

**First Round For Championship**  
The following are the results of the First Round of the Shanghai Golf Club Championship, played at Kiangwan Sunday:

\* J. C. Macdougall beat O. Crewe-Read, 4 and 2.

A. Wragge beat C. W. Porter, 2 v. p.

C. T. Beath beat H. Martin Little, 2 and 1.

Capt. E. I. M. Barrett beat E. W. Godfrey, 2 up.

G. F. Browne beat C. Selby Moore, 2 and 1.

A. Gray beat E. M. Ross, 2 and 1.

R. A. Lawson beat J. Tipping, 6 and 4.

T. S. Forrest beat P. Peebles, 6 and 5.

**Captain's Cup Final**

The final of the Captain's Cup Competition was played at Kiangwan Sunday over 36 holes, when A. W. Macphail beat A. S. Hocking by 8 and 6.

SATURDAY'S BIG RACE

**Black Diamond Favorite With Triumph As Second Choice**

Black Diamond—of the Ewo stable—is favorite for the big race on Saturday next at Kiangwan. The race promises to be a second Autumn Champions for all the big ponies that figured in that event are entered and there is the additional interest that Liou will go out on Triumph. The International Recreation Clubmen are responsible for making Black Diamond first fancy, this having been done at a selling lottery. Triumph came next in order in the sale while Castlefield was made third favorite. This leaves out both Winsome Dahlia and Beaconsfield and the former at least is fancied by a strong backing.

Water Pressure & The Firemen's Competition

We understand that the waterworks people are rather concerned over the statement made in connection with the Fire Brigade competition that the pressure was not what it should have been. Chief Officer M. W. Pett of the Fire Brigade, however, says that the pressure was up to contract. The report was written from the spectators' standpoint and the pressure was not strong enough to their mind—and as for the firemen, no pressure ever will be for competition purposes. As a matter of fact however it is probable that the difficulty experienced Saturday was due, in part at least, to the failure, in the hurry of competition, properly to unroll the hose.

GERMANS HURL LARGE RESERVES AT RUMANIA

Hindenburg, Falkenhayn And Mackensen All at Belgrade; Wins for Both Sides

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 18.—The Times correspondent at Bukharest states that large German re-inforcements have recently arrived on the Transylvanian front. Two new divisions are operating in Jiu Valley, commanded by General von Knobelsdorf, who, when last mentioned, was west of Lutsk.

The Germans in the Aluta Valley are commanded by General von Kneigel. The 41st Prussian Division has replaced the 11th Bavarian Division in Jiu Valley and has received orders from the Kaiser saying that the enemy must be destroyed.

It is reported that Marshal von Hindenburg, General von Falkenhayn and Marshal von Mackensen recently had a conference at Belgrade.

Petrograd, November 19.—An official communique yesterday reported: Persistent enemy attacks continue in the Alt and Jiu Valleys. We are continuing to progress on the Danube front.

An official communique today reported: The enemy attacked with considerable forces in the Jiu and Alt Valleys and pushed back the Rumanians slightly southward. The Rumanians assumed the offensive in Turgiu Valley and carried a series of heights.

Bukharest, November 19.—An official communique yesterday reported: In the region of Dragoslavele, the Rumanians attacked the back-bone of the enemy's center and right wing, making appreciable progress and taking 300 prisoners.

Fierce fighting continues in the Alt and Jiu Valleys. The Rumanians yielded a little ground. There was no change elsewhere.

An official communique today reported: The attacks of the enemy on the northern frontiers of Moldavia were repulsed. We continued to advance in the region of Dragoslavele, capturing four officers and 80 men, besides two guns.

Fighting in the valleys of the Alt, Jiu and Gilort continues. The firing has slackened on the Danube and Dobruja fronts.

A semi-official communique states that the retirement south of Turgiu was especially due to the superiority of the enemy's artillery.

Germans Hold Dutch Sailors for Trial

Charge They Hid Bag of British Courier; Mails Are Sent To Berlin

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rotterdam, November 18.—The Germans are detaining the Dutch s.s. Koningin Regentes at Ostend, on the pretext that the empty barrels with which Dutch steamers are provided, to prevent them sinking if they strike a mine, are absolute contraband.

Three of the Dutch crew will be tried for hiding the bag of a British courier. The remainder have arrived in Holland. The mails have been sent to Berlin.

The Great Eastern Railway's s.s. Brussels is being used as a flying-base at Zeebrugge.

London, November 18.—The following steamers have been sunk: F. Matarazzo (2,823 tons), British; A. D. Davidson (?), American; Ullang (639 tons) and Torridal (?), Norwegian; Styliani Bebisi (3,603 tons) and Joannis (?), Greek; Giovanni (?), Italian.

The Norwegian steamer Vega has also been sunk. 33 of the crew and 16 passengers have been landed.

The Danish barque Villak has been burnt by a submarine.

The Dutch steamer Midland, bound for Newcastle, has been taken to Zeebrugge by a German submarine.

Las Palmas, November 18.—The Portuguese sailing-vessel Emilia (1,159 tons) has been torpedoed. The crew have been saved.

The Portuguese s.s. Machico, formerly the German ship Colmar (6,184 tons), is missing and it is feared that she has been sunk by a submarine.

VISCOUNT ERRINGTON

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 18.—The Gazette announces that Viscount Errington, eldest son of the Earl of Cromer, has been appointed Equerry-in-Ordinary and Assistant Private Secretary to the King.

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### WEATHER

Fine weather. Strong monsoon to the  
south of Shantung. Variable  
breezes further north.

### IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, NOVEMBER 21, 1916

### Deadlock Over Provincial System

(Peking Gazette)  
THE meetings which have been held by the Conference of Political Parties for the purpose of coming to an understanding respecting the Provincial System, have resulted in another deadlock. The parties are unable to agree on the point that provincial governors should be appointed by the President. In order to be better able to understand the situation it is necessary to review the origin of the controversy. Parliamentary views on the subject may be classified into three groups. That the province should be self-governing and the governor be elected by the province, that the province be a self-governing area but the governor must be appointed by the President, and that the province is an administrative area under the direct control of the Government and the governor must be appointed by the President. Apart from these points of dispute there is also the question, whether or not the Provincial System should be included in the Permanent Constitution. Respecting this point there are also three views: 1. It should be included; 2. It should be included with a specific provision about the appointment of the governor; and 3. It should not be included.

The various parties were approaching an agreement early last week; but a sudden turn at the last meeting has brought the settlement of the question to a standstill. The Yi Yuhui were willing to abandon their firm attitude demanding the election of the governor by the province but insisted that the appointment must be subject to the approval of the Provincial Assembly. The Hsien Cheng Tao Lunhui, or Tao Lunhui for short, insisted that the Provincial System should be excluded from the Permanent Constitution unless a satisfactory settlement could be arrived at providing for the appointment of the governor by the President.

As these two principal parties holding opposite views were unable to come nearer to each other, the meeting held on the 13th resulted in a deadlock. Proposals have been made to resume the regular Conference on Constitution, if the parties should continue to adhere to their respective views. Those who are opposed to the inclusion of the Provincial System in the Permanent Constitution are, of course, willing to do so, as the proposed additional chapter could not be added without a three-fourths majority. At the same time the advocates will certainly try to defeat any attempt to reject the proposal. Thus further progress is very doubtful.

Prison reform continues to be the subject of discussion at the Judicial Conference. Mr. Wang Shuyung said that in Kiangsu there should be new prison wards built in cities where are taoyin offices, and in Shensi prison wards should be constructed in cities which were formerly prefectural cities, since in that province there are only three taoyins. Mr. Liu Yu-yao and Yang Kuang-shen declared that there should be new prison wards in each hsien district, instead of each tao city. Arguing against the suggestion Mr. Wang Tien-mou said that if there should be prison wards in each hsien district, there should also be stationed there a strong guard to prevent any outbreak among a large number of criminals in the prisons. Therefore, he said, it is advisable to build the wards in the city where the taoyin yamen is, and where a strong force of troops is available to the authorities at any moment. The question was then put to vote. Only a minority supported the proposal. And the motion to build new prison wards in each hsien district was carried.

The question of the number of criminals in each reformed prison came up for discussion. Some said that the maximum number should be limited to five hundred, while others, opposing it on the ground that local conditions in different provinces are not identical, urged there should be no limitation of the number of prisoners in each prison. The final decision was that the number should not be over three hundred for each new prison. The question of old prison wards reform was passed without much discussion.

The appointment of prison wardens

was another question discussed. Some declared that the appointment should be made by the Chief Justice of the Provincial High Judicial Court on the recommendation of the district magistrate, others maintained that the appointment should be left entirely to the Chief Justice, while still others held that wardens should be selected by examination under the auspices of the Chief Provincial Justice. The Chairman put the question of the appointment of wardens by the Chief Provincial Justice on the recommendation of the district magistrate to vote and it was carried.

The 7th, 8th and 9th questions relating to the raising of funds for the upkeep of new prison wards, precautions against the escape of prisoners and so forth, were passed without much discussion. The members then raised the question of how to change the prison roll. A proposal was made that in order to keep the higher members well-informed of the number of prisoners in each prison under their jurisdiction, the wardens should be ordered to submit a list of names of all the prisoners with detailed remarks regarding the particulars of each prisoner.

Some proposed that the Four Remark Prison roll which is now in vogue should be abolished. Others opposed it. Mr. Yang Kuang-shen spoke of the inadvisability of the substitution of the Four Remark Roll by a monthly or yearly prison statistics by pointing out that the absence of names and other particulars of each prisoner in the statistics would give rise to many kinds of corruption in prison administration. The Chairman then informed the meeting that it had now become clear that the debates on this question had divided the conference into camps. One maintained that the Prison roll should be substituted by statistics, while the other proposed the retention of the Prison roll, which the high judicial authorities should devise measures to urge the wardens to submit with regularity and promptitude.

The Chairman put to vote this question: That from next year on monthly Prison rolls should be submitted to the higher judicial authorities. The proposal failed. A member requested the Chairman to put the question again to vote, but it was declined on the ground that the Minister of Justice in referring the question to the conference did not mean to abolish the Prison roll. The question as to reform of the present system of enforcing work upon the prisoners was dropped without discussion. Finally the question relating to the authorisation of officials in charge of prison wards was carried.

### Notes on The Rubber Position

WE take the following notes from the September issue of The World's Rubber Position, the well known London publication:

The United States of America has taken about 80 per cent of the world's increased supply of rubber this year to date; and as England, France, Russia, Canada and Japan are all taking increased quantities, the supply and demand at the present moment are very finely balanced.

The average price to the end of August, 1916, for Plantation Rubber was 2s. 11½d., and for Fine Hard Para 3s. ¼d., against 2s. 4d. and 2s. 6½d. respectively for the same period of last year.

Seventy per cent of this year's exports of rubber from South America have been shipped to the United States, whereas in normal times barely 50 per cent of the amount exported was shipped to that country.

Plantation Rubber to date shows an increased output of 44.4 per cent over the same period of 1915. During the same period the world's output shows an increase of 33.5 per cent.

### Jiji's Tribute To Wilson

THE Jiji says that the victory of Wilson in the American presidential election shows that the Democrats have recently increased their political strength considerably, which fact should be noted by the students of American politics.

"When the Reuter despatch dated from New York, Nov. 7, stated that Hughes was elected, it was generally believed. Afterwards the returns showed that he was not winning, that Wilson was, on the contrary, winning. Then finally it was known that Wilson had won. From this situation, it can be gathered that the election was a very close one, as close as it was in 1876 (when Hayes won against Tilden with only one electoral vote over his opponent).

"Be that as it may, the re-election of Wilson is a thing upon which to congratulate the American people. President Wilson's character was recognised as high and his ability as eminent. He has distinguished himself by his record of the past term, as he stood upon the principle of liberty, justice, and the happiness of all the people. His achievements were such as just suited the needs of the time, whether in diplomacy or in domestic affairs. So long as he is re-elected, the American policy will continue as it was carried out. Imperialism was defeated, and the principle of peace was adhered to. The friendship between Japan and America is bound to continue as close or even closer than ever before."

## Pan-Slavic Menace A Myth, Declares British Authority

Russia Wants Constantinople, But Has No Desire for World-Domination, According to Professor J. Y. Simpson

There is no reason why the present Entente should not be lasting. All Russian ambitions will be satisfied with the Strait opened and in her hands. The idea of an advance by her upon India is a fantasy. The answer to the question as to whether Russia could ever or would ever act like Germany today is found not merely in an analysis of the Russian temperament, but in the consideration of the motives underlying Germany's aggression."

Professor J. Y. Simpson, who made this interesting statement, holds the Chair of Natural Science at New College, Edinburgh—the chair made famous by Henry Drummond. He returned recently from a visit to the heart of Russia, where he had an extraordinary opportunity to study the new conditions born of the great war.

"There never has been any genuine Pan-Slavism," he said in discussing his Russian experiences, "in the sense of a real desire to build up a Pan-Slavist cosmos that will dominate and rule the world. Such an idea is simply one of the German manufactures. Russia's one desire is that these smaller nationalities in the Near East shall live in peace and happiness, developing their own life as they desire, and be forever free from the terrible tyranny of Austria and her method of sowing mutual mistrust among them. And that, too, is the desire of Britain. Perhaps, after all, we are nearer than we think to the days of unforced permanent alliance for supranational ends."

"The relation of Russia to Constantinople and the Strait may be considered especially from two points of view—the one economic, the other idealistic. In the case of the former, the importance of such possession is both calculable and immediately obvious. On the other hand, the religious importance of Constantinople to the life of the Oriental Orthodox Church is simply incalculable, and can only be appreciated by those who have endeavored to assimilate something of the soul of Russia in its development from the past."

"In the Russian Orthodox consciousness," writes one of her best-known and most devoted sons to me, "Constantinople till now remains the world center of Christianity, and therefore it is the natural capital of the future Orthodox kingdom. With the name of Constantinople are very closely joined the mystical and cultural hopes of the representative of the real Russian self-consciousness, such as Tjutchev and Dostoevsky and these hopes are alive in us today with renewed force. Orthodox Russia, which is the spiritual core of the Russian Empire, cannot imagine that Tsargrad (Constantinople) could be anything else but Russian as soon as it ceases to belong to Turkey. The failure of this hope will be an unbearable disappointment for Russia, and I know that the British people realise the value of religion and understand that they must consider religious Russia even more than political or 'intelligent' Russia. We believe that if this war puts an end to the old 'epoch of Petrograd' in Russian history, then after the taking of Tsargrad there will begin a new cultural and historical epoch in Russian life which will give her a new and special place in history. Tsargrad is the spiritual motherland of Russia, because it was thence that we got our Christianity; how can we spurn our motherland?"

"The claim of a relation which affects the physical and spiritual life of a nation so profoundly and vitally as to constitute a right of possession, invites the closest attention. The economic aspect may be regarded as in part an expression of the age-long movement toward open waters that has been a persistent motive in Russian foreign policy. The White Sea and the Arctic Ocean enchain in polar ice, the Baltic similarly blocked for half the year, the Black Sea closed in yet another way, the landlocked Caspian could not satisfy her, and she sought the far shores of the Pacific, only to find Vladivostok too distant for convenience."

"We have seen how Serbia, small people though she be, has struggled to get to the sea, and Russia, with her population of 180,000,000, choking for a water outlet unhampered by ice or Germany, has experienced an even greater need. In part, also, there has been throughout the last thousand years a sort of sub-conscious mass tendency of gravitation toward the south and St. Sophia, both in thought and actuality, among the Russian people. It is not, therefore, owing to physiological

conditions alone that the greatest agricultural and mineralogical development is found in the southern Governments, although that is the concrete fact, big with consequences, which has made the question of an open port almost a matter of life and death for the south. This export of the products of the earth demands a great harbor area and a large tonnage of vessels, for it cannot be done by rail successfully; the distances are much too great to permit the export of the products of South Russia in any other direction than along the natural route—the Sea of Azov, the Black Sea, and the Strait."

"Consequently, with every closure of the Dardanelles, for however short a period, the whole industrial and economic life of the south has been disorganised, and millions of rubles have been lost. Russia has been in the position of a man living in his own house, the key to which remained in another's pocket. During the Balkan wars, Russia realised keenly what it meant to have the Dardanelles thus arbitrarily closed even for a few weeks. The present war has emphasised the situation in the acute possible form."

"From the days of the Crimean war till recently our British policy in relation to Russia has been consistently unfortunate. Whether in the matter of the Dardanelles or at Port Arthur, its motive has been to thwart, largely because we did not understand, and partly because we feared. In connection with Constantinople we shall have an opportunity for generous action which may well become the basis of a future perfect understanding. Suppose that we have welcomed her to Tsargrad and agreed to her occupying such as is necessary to secure her possession of the city and the Straits. In what way are we affected, even if we agree to her fortifying the Straits of Constantinople and the Dardanelles as the simplest and least costly method of defending the Black Sea littoral, thus making the Black Sea practically another inland Russian sea?"

"In the first place it is quite certain that the fear of letting Russia into the Mediterranean has been misplaced, because Russia is the only country in the world which is geographically mother country and colonies in one. She has enormous areas in Siberia, the Urals, and Turkestan, with a very scant population, yet with all the conditions for housing the surplus population of some of her European districts. Russia has already too much territory to want more; indeed, the size of the country is the great drawback to its intensive cultivation. It would be a real peril to Russia to increase her territory largely."

But further, there is no country that is *au fond* so democratic as Russia, and sooner or later this spirit will enter into the decision of the country's destinies. Its people will not be aggressive militarists, for that is not in their nature. Russia will have the key in her pocket, but she will use it for the purpose of keeping her own house safe, not with a view of getting into anybody else's. Great Britain's keys are Suez and Gibraltar, and Russia does not want them; she knows full well that we could lock her in with either of them. But she is not a maritime nation, and cherishes no wish to possess a great navy."

"In the second place, Russia does not want the Straits to close them, but to keep them open and to welcome all there. She wants to export into the highly populated countries. The open Straits mean cheaper food for Britain. Russia would never close the Straits without the most serious reason, because it is she herself who would feel first and most deeply the effects of such a step. She further realises that there is some probability of a temporary decline in the prosperity of Constantinople after it passes into her hands; ceasing to be the capital of an empire, and henceforth used mainly as a place of call. It is therefore probable that she will do everything to encourage Rumania inside, and other nations outside, the Straits to develop commerce with and through Constantinople."

"Hitherto Russia has not seemed particularly anxious to hold to such traditions as she had; she has rather sought her inspiration from the west. Today she begins to appreciate afresh her own traditions, and her spirit develops anew. It is not impossible that this rediscovery of herself may be expressed in a change of capital to Moscow or Kiev, or, less probably, further south. But the complete ending of the 'epoch of Petrograd' will be due rather to that spiritual envisaging of things which is at once the mainspring and the safeguard of the Russian desire for Constantinople."

## A Talk With The Queen Of Rumania

By Hamilton Fyfe

"The Queen will see you between ten and eleven," wrote the Lady-in-Waiting, "at the Palace Hospital." Only the day before this the Palace Hospital had been opened. All the ground floor, where the state rooms are, had been turned into wards for wounded, into bathrooms, bandaging rooms, operating rooms. Under the entrance archway they were carrying in wounded on stretchers when I arrived.

In the hall of the palace was a working party, stitching hard at bed-shirts, dressing-gowns, and so on. Nurses in white, with their head-dresses arranged like that which one sees in France, passed frequently through. After a few minutes two of them came quickly towards me. One was the Lady-in-Waiting, whom I knew. The other was the Queen. She held her hand out. "How do you do?" she said. "Let us sit down here."

"Here" was a long table in the hall, littered with needlework, books for the soldiers, packets of cigarettes. The Queen drew a chair up to it. The Lady-in-Waiting retired. "Sit down, please," said the Queen. "You must excuse our being in rather a muddle. You see we have only just started work."

There was nothing to distinguish her from the other nurses, except that across her forehead she wore an ermine bandeau instead of linen. Yet, without that even, I should have recognised her at once, for her portrait is to be seen in almost every house. It is customary to say of Queens that they are beautiful. But the beauty of the Princess Marie of Edinburgh, niece of King Edward, cousin to King George, was admired and spoken about long before she was a Queen. Fairhaired, with blue-grey eyes which suggest the image of deep pools, now tranquil and smiling, now dimmed by passing clouds, now flashing and piercing like the shafts of vivid light; with clearly cut, slightly aquiline profile, tender in repose, she has been from her girlhood marked not only by these charms of feature but by that subtler, far less common quality, distinction. And as her mind and soul have developed, so that gift of distinction has become more and more noticeable. At forty she is still a beautiful woman, and many say "more beautiful than ever," for the spirit that shines through the flesh has been tried in the fires of pain and of joy, has sounded the depths of life and drawn from them knowledge and sympathy and strength.

### Why She is Loved

It is her understanding of life, her disregard of the mere trappings and suits of her great position, her quick intelligence and warm humanity that have won her the affection of the Rumanian people. I could see at once from her manner to me, a stranger (though at the same time, as she made me feel, a compatriot), why she was loved. To begin with, she is entirely free from any stiffness or self-consciousness, defects from which royalty too often suffers. She has the happy knack of putting everyone immediately at ease. She shows the real woman in herself, and draws out the reality from others.

We talked first about the hospital. "I wanted to give them the whole place," she said, "but there would have been difficulties about carrying stretchers up the staircase, and then," she added with a little laugh, "I suppose we must live somewhere. So we have kept our own private rooms."

I asked whether the women of Bukharest had come forward readily to help in Red Cross work. "Splendidly," the Queen answered. "They don't mind how hard the work is."

"Here in the palace," she went on, "I have no difficulties about getting anybody or anything I want. You can understand that. But it isn't so in all hospitals. And our needs will increase as time slips by. We have got a wonderfully good medical service and Red Cross organisation, when you consider what a little country this is, only eight million people. But we do want to be guaranteed against any shortage in the future. We want surgeons, we want trained nurses, and we want all kinds of hospital stores. Do you think The Daily Mail can help us to get them? Of course, I know the needs of England herself are very heavy. Still, there may be some chance of finding helpers for us too. And then America. They are so generous there, so ready to do all they can to relieve suffering. I am sure they would come to the assistance of our brave wounded if they were told how great the need is."

We were walking through the hospital. Every now and then the

Queen stopped to make some poor fellow more comfortable. "They are such fine people, our peasants," she said. "So patient and uncomplaining. We had one man very badly wounded in another hospital where I visit. As soon as he was settled in bed I asked him how he felt. 'Not very grand, your Majesty,' he told me, 'but I don't care so long as you become Empress of all the Rumanians.' Of course, you know how they all feel about their brothers in Transylvania. I feel with them, for I have become thoroughly Rumanian."

### Practical War Views

The process of "becoming thoroughly Rumanian" cannot have been altogether pleasant for the young Princess.

What sustained her all through the years of storm and stress? Chiefly her abundant vitality. Let her answer for herself. We were speaking of the field hospitals at the front. "I want so much to go and see them," she said. "I think they would like it. But I know that for the present at all events visitors are not wanted. Later on, I hope, for I feel that perhaps I might be able to stimulate them, as I did the workers in the cholera camp a few years ago. You see I am always in good spirits, and that helps me to cheer people up. I dare say it is the result of having such good health. I wasn't in the least afraid of cholera. I never am afraid of anything in that way. I suppose I must be a fatalist."

Those who have read any of the Queen's books (the latest was published, with illustrations by Edmond Dulac, a few months ago) know that there runs through her nature a strong vein of mysticism. Nearly all the chapters have lines from "Fiona Macleod" or Rabindranath Tagore to introduce them. How many Queens are familiar with these authors, I wonder! But her mysticism, her fatalism, have nothing in common with Oriental inaction. They are bound up with a notable practicality. She was eminently practical when she visited the cholera district. She is showing the same valuable and, I like to think, the same British quality now.

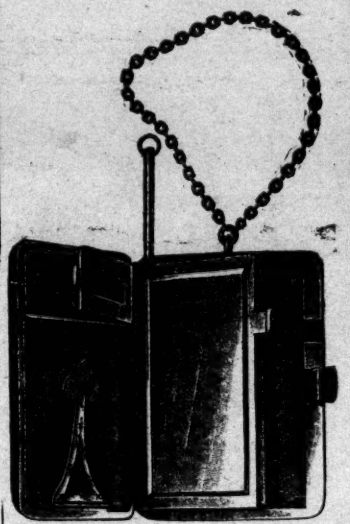
She is practical in her view of the war and Rumania's share in it. Bloodshed and the hideous maiming of men, the tears of women, and the cry of orphaned babes move her to detestation, as they must every woman with a woman's heart. But she sees that there is no road to peace save the one which the Allied

nations are pursuing now. I have been told that since Rumania came into line the Queen has seemed relieved of a burden. One can easily understand this. King Ferdinand is a Hohenzollern. She was an English Princess. Each of them has become "thoroughly Rumanian," and, thinking only of Rumania's good, never a shadow of antagonism came between them. But one can imagine the strain which each had to endure.

### Value of Two Discoveries

If we count the wealth of North America and South America as it seems today we find, says the Popular Science Monthly, that the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus has been worth to the world \$3,000,000,000 a day from the time he sailed from Palos in August, 1492, down to the present time. Likewise the man who discovered the way of drawing tungsten wire gave \$300,000,000 worth of light yearly.

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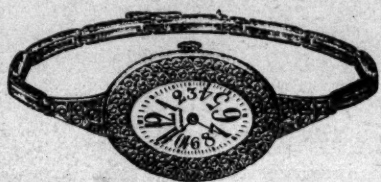
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## Bringing Up Father



By George McManus



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Love, Home and Table Topics  
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A Good Page to Read in the  
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### Love Dies If Neglected, Says Dorothy Dix

By Dorothy Dix

THE most inexplicable of all human vagaries is the fact that we take so little trouble and precaution to safeguard love.

If a man had all his fortune in Government bonds, and should leave them lying carelessly about for any thieving hand to steal, or should be so indifferent to their whereabouts that he mislaid them through his own heedlessness, we should waste scant pity on him if he lost them.

If a woman had a diamond tiara that she did not think enough of to even keep clean, and that she let get mutilated and disfigured, we should think her a sinful waster.

Yet we have this curious contradiction, that the man who could not sleep at night unless he knew that he had safely hidden his pocketbook with only \$10 in it, so that burglars could not find it, and the woman who keeps her jewels locked up in a safety deposit box lest she should lose them, are so careless of the love that has been intrusted to them that they let it be lost or stolen before they know it.

It is a very pathetic truth that if men and women would take only a tithe of the pains and trouble to protect their hearts that they do to protect their worldly goods and chattels, there would be fewer divorces and fewer suits for alienation of the affections.

It is the custom to express sympathy with the jilted swain or maiden, or the deserted husband or wife. In reality, they are more to be blamed than pitied. Never to be loved is an undesired misfortune, but to have been loved, and to have lost love, shows criminal carelessness and incompetency.

Yet this thing happens so continually that it takes innumerable detectives to

hunt down the freebooters of love, and special courts to punish them for their depredations, and the air is full of the lamentations of husbands and wives, who are beating upon their breasts and wailing out that somehow, somewhere, they have lost or mislaid the affection of their spouses.

How does it happen?  
A man marries a woman who gives him her whole loving heart, her romantic girlish dreams, her tender, clinging, sensitive soul. It's a great gift, enough to make a man a billionaire of affection, and you would think that he would exhaust every device, every particle of ingenuity in keeping it safe. But he doesn't.

He is "too busy" to protect it, too careless to look it up. He doesn't even take the trouble to look at it now and then to see that it is still in his possession.

He is so interested in his business that he is away from home from early morn until dinner time, and then he is too tired and too absorbed in his affairs to bother about what his wife thinks or wants or desires.

Still less does he worry himself to find out whether he still owns her love, and then some day he wakes up to find out that she is just as indifferent to him as he is to her.

He has lost her love.  
It may have wasted away, little by little, as gold dust sifts through a tiny hole in a miner's pouch, or it may have been lost all in a lump when she realized that she had cast her pearls before swine, but it is gone—hopelessly and irretrievably lost.

Or, his own may have been the hand that set the door of his wife's heart wide open for thieves to come in and steal his wife's treasure.

She craved sympathy; he gave her none. She loved amusement; he was too busy to accompany her even to the theater, or too stingy to give her as much as a treat of a restaurant supper. She had enthusiasms for art and literature; he mocked at them.

She loved society; he let her go into it alone and unguarded.

Be sure that no man ever alienates

the affection of another man's wife unless the husband is too indifferent to keep what he has won.

How does a woman lose her husband's affection?

By the same road. By laziness, by weakness, by incompetency, by triflingness, by carelessness.

She first charmed him by her prettiness and daintiness. She let herself grow starchy and unattractive.

He fell in love with her because she was amiable and sweet. She grows querulous and complaining and fretting.

He dreamed of a home that would be full of comfort and peace. She makes one where all the demons of discomfort and dirt and discontent have their abode.

She complains that other women have stolen her husband's heart away from her, but they could not have done it if she had not given them the opportunity.

The coquettes of the world are merely sneak thieves that pilfer the things that are lying around loose on which they can put their hands easily. They cannot break through the impregnable wall of understanding and sympathy and devotion that husband and wife can build about each other's heart if they will.

We spend our lives devising ways to keep our cash and our gew-gaws safe, but we do nothing to protect our love and keep it from getting lost or stolen. Yet if we lose our money we can make more; if our jewels are stolen we may possibly recover them, but if we once lose love, it is gone forever—nothing can ever restore it to us again.

Oh, the pity of it!

#### Hints to Housewives

The United States government is as active in its efforts to assist housewives as it is to help the farmer or the machinist, though this fact is little known to the generality of housewives. In its department of agriculture, the government has some valuable pamphlets upon various problems of the housewife, worked out by skilled specialists, and kept on file for the information of all who may wish to avail themselves of this help. It is only necessary to write to the department, stating the subject upon which information is needed, and

material bearing upon that subject will be forthcoming.

In a bulletin of the department of agriculture are some interesting ideas about the preparation of children's school luncheons. First is taken up the subject of getting variety into the meals. Bread, to be good, must conform to the tests usually given at all contests; it must have lightness, good flavor, a crisp and deep crust, and an elastic crumb—a crumb that springs back into shape after it has been compressed between thumb and finger.

When cut, this test further insists that the air cells shall be found evenly distributed, of about the same size, and nearly round in shape. To obtain these desirable qualities, it is advised that the bread be allowed to double its size in rising, and that it be put into the oven with such a temperature that the bread will continue rising for ten minutes after being put in. It is also claimed by these judges that the biscuits should have these same qualities. So much for the quality of bread, which makes up so large a share of the child's luncheon.

Variety is as much appreciated by the child as by the adult. Grant he must have bread, let that bread be made of different kinds of flour; whole wheat, bran, Indian, graham, and in all these at times raisins, spices, currants, and nuts. Often the bread which is made for the sandwiches may be sweetened, giving a pleasing variety.

Much can be got into the luncheon box by the use of little jars and oiled papers. Milk soups or chowders made of milk, fish and vegetables, are proposed as accompaniments of the luncheons, and are declared delicious, if the vegetables or fish are ground fine and cooked well into the chowder, so that the child will feel he is drinking a beverage.

The use of fruits and vegetables, to add to the tastiness and variety, is advised. In the preparation of fruit and vegetables, the use of the wire frying baskets is advised, over which boiling water may be poured, even grapes, peaches, pears and plums being benefited by the scalding. "Large fruits such as bananas, apples, oranges and others, with unbroken skin, may even be washed with soap. Dried fruits are much improved by this scalding, followed by a thorough drying in the oven. They are softened and improved by this treatment." All dirt which necessarily gets on to the fruit by many handlings is thus removed. After cleansing, these fruits may be put up as salads, as relishes, chopped up together and used for sandwiches, or put in whole. The same may be said for nuts. One unusual substitute for candies is

given in the form of finely chopped dried fruits and nuts mixed together, rolled out and cut into squares like caramels.

For the home luncheon, some of the following menus are offered. They are simple and easy to get, and lend a good variety to the noon meal:

- 1.—Eggs, boiled, coddled, or poached; bread and butter; spinach or other greens; cake.
  - 2.—Beef stew with vegetables; milk, crisp, thin biscuits, and honey.
  - 3.—Dried bean or pea puree; toast, baked apple, and cookies.
  - 4.—Vegetable milk soup; zwieback; rice with maple sugar and butter, or with milk or cream.
  - 5.—Potato chowder; crackers; jelly sandwiches.
  - 6.—Cold meat, creamed potatoes, peas, bread and butter, frozen custard or plain ice cream and cake.
  - 7.—Lamb chop, baked potatoes, bread and butter; sliced mixed fruits and cookies.
  - 8.—Baked omelet with spinach, kale or other green, bread and butter; apple sauce and cake.
  - 9.—Milk toast, string beans; stewed fruit and cake.
  - 10.—Boiled potatoes, codfish gravy, bread and butter, lettuce; custard.
- Some simple lunches to take to school are also given.
- 1.—Sandwiches with sliced tender meat filling, baked apple, cookies or a few lumps of sugar.
  - 2.—Slices of meat loaf or bean loaf, bread and butter sandwiches, stewed fruit, small frosted cake.
  - 3.—Crisp rolls, hollowed out and filled with chopped meat or fish, moistened and seasoned, or mixed with salad dressing, an orange or an apple.
  - 4.—Lettuce or celery sandwiches; cup-custard, jelly sandwiches.
  - 5.—Cottage cheese and chopped green pepper sandwiches, or a pot of cream cheese with bread and butter sandwiches; peanut sandwiches; fruit and cake.
  - 6.—Hard-boiled eggs; crisp baking-powder biscuits; celery or radishes; brown sugar or maple sugar sandwiches.
  - 7.—Bottle of milk; thin corn bread and butter; dates; apples.
  - 8.—Raisin or nut bread, with butter; cheese; orange; maple sugar.
  - 9.—Baked bean and lettuce sandwiches; apple sauce; sweet chocolate.

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CLEANING AND  
DYEING WORKS**  
F 126 BUBBLING  
WELL ROAD

USE

**Del Monte**

CANNED FRUITS AND VEGETABLES  
PACKED WHERE THEY RIPEN—THE DAY THEY'RE PICKED

FOR SALE BY ALL FIRST-CLASS DEALERS.

**Connell Bros. Company,**

AGENTS.



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Optician

Refracting  
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Toric Lenses

Invisible Bifocals

Sun Glasses

in  
Various Shades

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26, Nanking Road

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Imagine the convenience of a hot fire which can be obtained in a few seconds and which can be regulated to any temperature.

Gas fire on hire at 50 cents per month.

For particulars apply to

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Engineer's Office  
5 Thibet Road.

Showroom  
29 Nanking Road.



## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

## Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, November 19, 1916.

**Money and Bullion**

Gold Dollar Bank's buying rate 80 1/2 = Tls. 1.24 @ 72.5 = \$1.72

Tls. 72.5 = \$1.72

Mex. Dollars: Market rate: 72.375

Shanghai Gold Bars: 978 touch. —

Bar Silver: —

Copper Cash: 1805

**Sovereigns:**

Buying rate @ 3-3 1/2 = Tls. 6.03

Exch. @ 72.5 = Mex. \$ 8.32

Peking Bar: Tls. 320 1/4

Native Interest: .20

**Latest London Quotations**

Bar Silver: 34 1/2 d.

Bank rate of discount: 6%

Market rate of discount: —

3 m.s.: — %

4 m.s.: — %

6 m.s.: — %

Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d.s.

Ex. Paris on London: Fr. 27.80

Ex. N. Y. on London T.T.: \$ 476 1/2

Consols: —

**Exchange Closing Quotations**

London: T.T. 3-3 1/2

London: Demand 3-3 1/2

India: T.T. 245 1/2

Paris: T.T. 460 1/2

Paris: Demand 461

New York: T.T. 78 1/2

New York: Demand 78 1/2

Hongkong: T.T. 70

Japan: T.T. 64 1/2

Batavia: T.T. 189 1/2

**Bank's Buying Rates**

London: 4 m.s. Cds. 3-5 1/2

London: 6 m.s. Cds. 3-5 1/2

London: 4 m.s. Cds. 3-5 1/2

London: 6 m.s. Cds. 3-5 1/2

Paris: 4 m.s. 476 1/2

New York: 4 m.s. 81 1/2

**CUSTOMERS HOUSE RATE OF EXCHANGE FOR NOVEMBER**

£1 = HK. Tls. 5.70

HK. Tls. 1 = Pounds 4.97

" " 1 = Dollar 13.98

Gold \$1 = HK. Tls. 1.20

HK. Tls. 1 = Yen 1.64

" " 1 = Rupee 2.63

" " 1 = Rouble 2.72

" " 1 = Mex. \$ 1.50

† Nominal.

## PLAN FACILITIES FOR INDUSTRIAL CAPITAL

## Economic Investigation Committee Has New Propositions For Banks Management

The industrial sub-committee of the Economic Investigation Committee, which has been investigating to problem of giving facilities to the accommodation of industrial capital, has formed a plan to be discussed at the meeting September 18.

The proposed plan is being kept secret, but as far as ascertained, the first part is concerned with the improvement in the business method of the existing industrial banks. As had previously been reported in this column, the question of whether the industrial bank is a bank conducting movable or fixed securities ought to be settled first so as to make clear the extent of the business between the industrial and Hypothec banks. It was proposed on the ground that it will open a new field of activity for the Hypothec bank.

Another proposition was made to effect improvements by regulating the method of loan making of the two banks. Both the banks are investing on the securities of the industrial fixed property, but against the Hypothec bank's installment refundment system, it is suggested that the Industrial Bank will adopt the measure of allowing companies to issue debentures for loans made after a certain period.

Finally the decision was reached that facilities will be given to the industrial bank for loans while they will be allowed to subscribe to the capital and debentures of ordinary industrial banks.

As a means to supply more funds, connections will be made with the Bank of Japan, and the Government will give guarantee to the issue of debentures abroad by the industrial bank. An additional item to the proposition was that the industrial bank will be empowered to issue debentures with special premium as the Hypothec bank.

Another proposition was for easy accommodation of capital to small enterprising firms. It has been decided to amalgamate the individual bank system long advocated by the Department of Finance with the credit association system of the Department of Agriculture and Commerce, and the forms of regulations will be obtained from regulations modified of the industrial association.

**"BICKERTON'S"**  
PRIVATE HOTEL  
Established 20 years.  
102 Bubbling Well Road. Seven minutes from Bund by tram, which stop at the door. Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. 60 rooms, separate baths, with hot and cold water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.

## South British Insurance Co.

The directors of the South British Insurance Co. have issued the following statement of accounts for the year ended August 31:—

The Directors have pleasure in submitting to the Shareholders the Statement of Accounts for the year ended August 31, 1916.

The Net Premium Revenue amounts to £ 558,799 3 6

The Income from Interest and Rents received and accrued is £ 43,511 6 8

After making full provision for Losses Outstanding, there is a surplus in the Underwriting Account of £ 71,224 0 3

Income from Interest and Rents as above amounts to £ 43,511 6 8

This has been dealt with in the following manner:—

Transferred to:—

Reserve Fund £ 40,000 0 0

Written off Investments £ 21,268 1 10

Auckland Leasehold Sinking Fund £ 200 0 0

London Leasehold Sinking Fund £ 225 0 0

Contribution to Officers' Provident and Superannuation Funds £ 4,532 6 5

Leaving available £ 48,509 18 8

Out of this an Interim Dividend of 2s. 3d. per Share was paid in April, 1916. £ 22,500 0 0

And the Directors now recommend the payment, out of the balance of the profits of the year, of a Dividend of 2s. 3d. per Share (making the total distribution for the year 4s. 6d. per Share), which will absorb £ 22,500 0 0

To which must be added balance from August, 1915, less Dividend and Bonus to Staff paid in October, 1915 £ 48,119 7 10

Making to be carried to the New Account £ 51,629 6 6

## Hongkong Share Market

Hongkong, November 10.—Messrs. Moxon & Taylor write as follows:—

The week began with a rather depressed market, resulting in a small volume of business for the greater part of the week, but at the close there is more demand for the leading stocks and a satisfactory amount of cash business has resulted, forward rates also being well maintained.

Shanghai, owing to the Race Meeting, has been absolutely without business.

Rubber is quoted 2/9 per lb. market firm.

Banks.—Hongkong Banks, due to the heavy rise in Exchange have weakened to \$750, at which a small business has been done.

Marine Insurances.—Unions have come to business at \$965 and North China at Tls. 156. Yangtzes are quoted at last week's rate of \$255 and Cantons have changed hands at \$465.

Fire Insurances.—Hongkong Fires at \$387, and China Fires at \$161 are quiet with little doing.

Shipping.—Douglases have been slightly on the weak side during the week, but at the close are in demand.

## The Cathay Trust, Ltd.

Paid-up Capital £220,899

LOANS, AT LOW RATES OF

INTEREST, GRANTED ON

APPROVED SECURITIES.

J. C. DYER, Manager.

J. A. WATTIE &amp; Co., Ltd.

Secretaries and General Managers,  
10 Canton Road, Shanghai.

## "Write for"

"A Brief Explanation  
of the Principles upon  
which Life Assurance  
is Founded,"

to

Head Office,  
The China Mutual Life  
Insurance Company, Ltd.  
10 Canton Road,  
Shanghai.

## British-America Assurance Co.

The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native Risk at Current Rates.

FRAZAR &amp; Co.

BENJAMIN AND POTTS  
SHARE LIST

## Yesterday's Prices

Stock	Quotations
Closing	
<b>Banks</b>	
H. K. and S. B. ....	\$730
Chartered .....	\$59 10s.
Russo-Asiatic .....	R. 350.
Cathay, ord. ....	4
Cathay, pref. ....	6
<b>Marine Insurances</b>	
Canton .....	\$405
North China .....	150 B.
Union of Canton .....	\$945.
Yangtze .....	\$387 1/2
<b>Fire Insurances</b>	
China Fire .....	\$161
Hongkong Fire .....	\$387
<b>Shipping</b>	
Indo-China Pref. ....	Tls. 128
Indo-China Def. ....	108/9
Shanghai Tug .....	Tls. 18 1/2 S.
Shanghai Tug .....	Tls. 50 S.
Keelion .....	Tls. 23 B.
<b>Mining</b>	
Kaiping .....	Tls. 10 1/4
Oriental Cons. ....	29s. 3d.
Philippine .....	Tls. 1.
Raub .....	Tls. 2 1/2
<b>Docks</b>	
Hongkong Dock .....	Tls. 132 1/2 XD
Shanghai Dock .....	Tls. 96.
New Eng. Works .....	Tls. 13 1/2 S.
<b>Wharves</b>	
Shanghai Wharf .....	Tls. 82.
Hongkong Wharf .....	\$84 1/2 B.
<b>Lands and Hotels</b>	
Anglo-French Land .....	Tls. 92.
China Land .....	Tls. 50 N.
Shanghai Land .....	Tls. 91.
Wahaiwai Land .....	Tls. 75.
Canton Stores .....	Tls. 9 1/2 B.
China Realty (ord.) .....	Tls. 26.
China Realty (pref.) .....	Tls. 50.
<b>Cotton Mills</b>	
E-w. ....	Tls. 167 1/2
E-w. Pref. ....	Tls. 108
International Pref. ....	Tls. 72 1/2 B.
Laan-kung-mow .....	Tls. 80
Oriental .....	91s. 44 S.
Shanghai Cotton .....	Tls. 118
Kong Yik .....	Tls. 10 1/2
Yangtze .....	Tls. 4 1/2
Yangtze Pref. ....	Tls. 101
<b>Industrials</b>	
Anglo-German Ry. ....	\$95 N.
Shanghai Ry. ....	Tls. 23 N.
China Ry. ....	Tls. 183 B.
Green Island .....	Tls. 10.65 S.
Langkats .....	Tls. 22 1/2 B.
Major Bros. ....	1s. 6
Shanghai Sumatra .....	Tls. 165
<b>Stores</b>	
Hall and Holt .....	Tls. 16
Llewellyn .....	400
Lane, Crawford .....	\$25
Mosier .....	Tls. 7 B.
Watson .....	Tls. 18.
<b>Rubbers (Local)</b>	
Alma .....	Tls. 14 1/2
Amoy .....	Tls. 1 1/2
Anglo-Java .....	Tls. 10 1/2 B.
Anglo-Dutch .....	Tls. 5 1/2 B.
Ayer Tawak .....	Tls. 40
Batu Alam 1915 .....	1s. 1.50
Batu Alam 1916 .....	Tls. 5 B.
Batu Alam 1917 .....	Tls. 1.85
Batu Alam 1918 .....	Tls. 1 1/2 B.
Chenier United .....	Tls. 17 S.
Chong .....	Tls. 2 1/2 B.
Consolidated .....	Tls. 3.90
Domination .....	Tls. 14 1/2
Gula Kalumpoeng .....	Tls. 9.40
Java Consolidated .....	Tls. 22 1/2
Kanung .....	Tls. 3 1/2
Kapala .....	Tls. 1.10
Kapayang .....	Tls. 30 1/2
Karara .....	Tls. 16
Kota Sahress .....	Tls. 13
Kroewok Java .....	Tls. 22 S.
Padang .....	Tls. 16.20 XD
Pengkalen Durian .....	Tls. 12
Remat .....	Tls. 5 1/2
Ropah .....	Tls. 1.40 B.
Samarang .....	Tls. 1.17 1/2
Seokee .....	Tls. 8 S.
Samambu .....	Tls. 1.90
Senawang .....	Tls. 19
Shanghai Kiebang .....	Tls. 1 B.
Shanghai Malay .....	Tls. 9
Shanghai Malay Pref. ....	Tls. 13.
Shanghai Pahang .....	Tls. 1.82 1/2
Singai .....	Tls. 1.60 B.
Sungel Durian .....	Tls. 12
Sua Manggis .....	Tls. 1.85
S'hai Kalantan .....	Tls. 1 B.
Shanghai Sremban .....	Tls. 1.20
Talping .....	Tls. 5
Tanah Merah .....	Tls. 1.10 B.
Tebong .....	Tls. 27 S.
Uletri .....	Tls. 2
Zhangbe .....	Tls. 6 B.
<b>Miscellaneous</b>	
C. I. and E. Lumber .....	Tls. 110 B.
Culty Dairy .....	Tls. 10
S'hai Blea and Ash .....	Tls. 24
Shanghai Steam .....	Tls. 24
Shanghai Gas .....	Tls. 30
Horse Bazaar .....	Tls. 30
Shanghai Mercury .....	Tls. 89 S.
S'hai Telephone .....	Tls. 265
S'hai Waterworks .....	Tls. 265

at \$124 1/2. Deferred Indos have been in steady request throughout the week and close at the advanced rate of \$138 1/2 for cash with \$144 done for January. Star Ferries have come to business at \$38 and Steamboats at \$22 1/2.

Refineries.—China Sugars are neglected at quotations—\$138 for cash and \$140 for December. Malabons are a firm market with buyers offering \$39 1/2 and no sellers under \$40.

Oils and Mining.—Langkats at \$23, Raubs at \$2 1/2 and Urals at 34s. 9d. are all weak at quotations. Tronohs on the declaration of the 3rd interim dividend of 1s. for the year have strengthened to 32s. Shells are a quiet market at 108/9.

Docks, Wharves and Godowns.—Kowloon Wharves have come to business at \$84 1/2 and \$85 closing with buyers at the former rate. Hongkong Docks have advanced to \$134 1/2 cash business done with \$137 for December and \$138 1/2 for January. Shanghai Docks are quoted nominally Tls. 90, no business reported for reasons given above.

Lands, Hotels and Buildings.—Centrals and Lands at \$101 are quiet with nothing doing. Hongkong Hotels have come to business at \$115 and Humphreys Estates at \$7. West Points at \$85 and Kowloon Lands at \$35 are quiet with nothing doing.

Cotton Mills.—The following quotations are nominal owing to Race Week:—

Ewos Tls. 165.

Shanghai Cottons Tls. 122.

Kung Yik Tls. 16 1/2.

Yangtze Tls. 6 1/2.

Electric Companies.—Hongkong Electric are wanted at \$54 1/2. China Lights at \$4 1/2 are unchanged from last week. Hongkong Trams are in demand at \$7-5.

Hongkong Tramway Co., Ltd.—The following is an approximate statement of the traffic receipts for the week ending November 5.

Receipts	Aggregate
week.	weeks.
This year ... \$12,750	\$636,986
Last year ... 10,589	484,225
Increase ... 3,161	152,761
Decrease ... —	—

Miscellaneous.—China Borneos at \$8 1/2, China Providents at \$9.20, Wm. Powells at \$6.90, Waterboats at \$17, and Dairy Farms at \$48 are all quiet at quotations with little or no business passing. Cements receded to \$10.60 in the early part of the week, but have since recovered to a buying rate of \$10.90. Ropes have come to business at \$4 1/2.

Exchange.—The demand rate on London is 2s. 3 1/2 d. and the T.T. selling rate on Shanghai is quoted nominally at Tls. 69.

## London Rubber Market

Rubber prices were:—

Plantation First Latex:

Spot: 2s. 7 1/4 d. paid.

January to March: 2s. 8 d. buyers.

Tendency of Market: Firmer.

Last Quotation, London, Nov. 17:

Spot: 2s. 7 1/4 d. paid.

January to March: 2s. 7 1/4 d. buyers.

Tendency of Market: Quiet.

## LANGKAT DAILY OUTPUT

The following telegraphic information has been received by the general agent from the Sumatra director and manager of the Maatschappij tot Mijn-Bosch-on Landbouwenexploitatie in Langkat:—

"The output of crude oil for November 17 was 112 tons, November 18, 115 tons and November 19, 97 tons."

JAPAN MAY CUT ITS  
SHIPBUILDING SUBSIDY

One Draft of Bill for Next Diet Provides Conditional Limitation

Japanese shipbuilding is prospering year after year and the number of new steamers built is on the increase with the enormous expansion of the shipbuilding subsidy fund. The estimate for next year is increased by 2,600,000 yen over this year with the tendency to increase.

The department of communications is now planning to propose a scheme for the diminution of the shipbuilding encouragement subsidies to the next session of the Imperial Diet. As an investigation is also carried out by the economic investigation committee, a formal plan will be formed by mutual consultation. The contents of the communications department are as follows:

Three Plans Being Considered

1. In the existing subsidy system the aim is in the compensation both the import tax and the marine freightage of shipbuilding materials, while, in the proposed plan, the compensation will be restricted to one of either freight or import duty.

2. The system might be changed to the calculation of subsidies according to tonnage.

3. Conditional limitation of the amount of subsidies.

It is not as yet decided which of the above plans will be adopted. It is further reported that, though the plan is to be proposed to the next session of the Diet, the execution of it will take place from the year after next in the form of an Imperial Ordinance.

## At the Theaters

At the Olympic Theater during the week-end the "Julius Caesar" film was exhibited and attracted large crowds, including a big proportion of children at the Sunday matinee.

In response to many requests, "Midnight at Maxim's" is to be given at the Olympic for the next three nights, commencing tonight, before it is sent on to Tientsin, Peking and Hankow.

"The Diamond from the Sky" continues to draw large houses to the Towa Cinema at the corner of Wood-chang and Chapoo Roads and the fifth and sixth chapters will be given tonight and on Wednesday. An L-lo comedy "Gems and Germs" is among the other films.

A big attraction is booked for the Victoria for three nights, commencing tonight. It is "The Submarine," giving wonderful pictures of naval operations, including torpedo firing. "The Universal Animated Weekly," an American news film, also will be screened, while from Friday to the following Monday the Edison Kinetophone, with a selection of new talking pictures, is advertised.

The Keun Seen Theater in Poo-chow Road secured a big attraction for its patrons in the Great Revolve Roberty, magician and illusionist, along with his company: Miss Irene Beryl, classical dancer; Charlie, comedian; The Warleys, sketch artists and dancers, and Sylvano Lopes, pianist and accompanist.

The last chance of seeing "Britain Prepared" is tonight at the Lyceum Theater. Last night there was another good house to follow the splendid demonstration of how the men and women of the British Empire have got ready for the struggle. Those who have not seen the film should make a point of being at the Lyceum tonight.

## Wedding

George Bradbury

Dean Walker officiated at a Holy Trinity Cathedral wedding yesterday afternoon, the parties being Miss Marion Emily Bradbury, of Hove, Sussex, a niece of Mr. T. M. Wilson, and Mr. Herbert George, engineer, of the China Navigation Co. Mr. Hurry presided at the organ. Mr. T. M. Wilson gave the bride away and the bridesmaids were the Misses Nessie Macdonald, Winnie Prest, Nellie Johnston, Bella Spottiswood, and Ida Bauld. Mr. Frank George, the bridegroom's brother, acted as best man and Messrs. T. E. and P. J. Wilson as ushers.

The bride's gift to the bridegroom was a gold signet ring; the bridegroom to the bride, a gold bracelet watch; and the bridegroom to the bridesmaids, pearl initial brooches. The happy couple afterwards received hearty congratulations from many friends at a reception given at the home of the bride's uncle.

## SMUTS THANKS TROOPS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 17.—(Reuter's special correspondent with General Smuts states that, in thanking the troops which are returning to South Africa, General Smuts hopes they will help to maintain the South African contingent in Europe.

Belgian Women Lie  
In Front of Engine  
Of Deportees' Train

Prised from Track by Bayonets; Fight Desperately; Frenchmen Take Exiles' Places

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 19.—A correspondent of the Chicago Daily News has had an interview with an American business-man, who describes the heart-rending scenes witnessed during the deportations from Belgium. The American Relief Commission has given 100,000 Belgians protection certificates, but this is a small part of the total subject to impressment.

He saw a long train of cattle-trucks filled with deportees, many of whom resisted, only to feel German bayonets. The women fought desperately for their men-folk and, when the train was departing, a huge crowd of women and children ran on the railway-line in front of the locomotive, threw themselves on the rails and clung there until the German soldiers prised them loose with their bayonets.

Frenchmen from the occupied provinces are now forced to work in Belgium, to replace the deported Belgians.

## Overseas Club

Tommies' Xmas Fund, List No. 3.

The Hon. Treasurer acknowledges with thanks the following contributions:—

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Inglis ...	\$25.00
Mrs. G. J. T. Newman ...	10.00
Mr. and Mrs. W. ...	10.00
Mr. and Mrs. T. Mellows ...	5.00
Mrs. H. C. Davis ...	20.00
Previously acknowledged ...	505.95
	\$575.95

We would like to remind intending contributors that the money must be remitted not later than the 12th of next month.

Last year the total sent was \$2,170.66, and it would be disappointing if this year it fell short of that.

C. Holliday,  
Hon. Treasurer.  
Shanghai, November 20, 1916.

## Mixed Court

Spotting a couple of suspicious looking ricksha fares coming from the Poochow Road direction about six o'clock on Sunday morning, a Chinese constable shouted to the leading coolie to stop. The result was that the coolie put in an extra step but second thoughts prevailed when the policeman blew his whistle. The fare then got out and made a bolt but a Sikh watchman landed him and yesterday, along with the coolie, he was taken before the Mixed Court authorities.

He had got away with about \$224 worth of overcoats from a clothing shop but his intensive preparations for the cold weather only secured for him eighteen months in jail, as he had already six previous convictions. The ricksha coolie also got a salutary lesson to obey policemen in future as he will spend the next three weeks behind the bars.

Sent to an exchange shop to change \$20, a young boy was told a short cut by two plausible strangers who followed their victim up an alleyway and there proceeded to relieve him of the money. The boy turned the tables with a vengeance, however, when he met one of the strangers on the road and got a constable to take him to the station. There the man confessed to the robbery and gave away his companion in crime who also was arrested. Yesterday both of them were sent to prison for eighteen months.

Arrested on Saturday night for being in possession of opium, the chops for which were fraudulent imitations, two natives were placed in jail to ensure their appearance at the Mixed Court yesterday. But during the night one of the two decided that death was preferable to disgrace and committed suicide in his cell. The other one appeared before Mr. Grant-Jones, British Assessor, yesterday and was sentenced to imprisonment for a couple of years.

The men were on their way to the railway station when taken into custody near the Honan Road bridge, and the man who was sentenced yesterday denied all knowledge of the chops being false. Part of the opium seized—valued at over \$1,000—were genuine chops and the receipt for it had been verified. It was ordered that the whole lot be handed over to the Opium Combine authorities.

VATICAN SAYS NEUTRALS  
DON'T RECOGNISE POLAND

New Army Will Have to Swear Oath of Allegiance to German Kaiser

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Rome, November 18.—It is stated at the Vatican that all neutral countries have decided not to recognise the new kingdom of Poland.

Amsterdam, November 18.—A German paper at Lodz states that the new Polish army will be required to take an oath of allegiance to the Kaiser.

A telegram from Berlin states that the enrolment of Polish volunteers will begin on the 22nd.

## BOMB KUT AERODROME

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, November 18.—An official despatch from Mesopotamia reports that British aeroplanes have bombed a hostile gathering near Alsin and an enemy aerodrome in the neighborhood of Kut-el-Amara.

## Sailed from Shanghai

For London etc.

Alcinous	Oct. 5
City of Manila	Oct. 19



# Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

## Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1853.

Capital .....£1,300,000  
Reserve Fund .....1,800,000  
Reserve Liability of Shareholders .....1,200,000

Head Office:  
33 BISHOPS GATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:  
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.  
Sir Henry S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E.  
Sir Alfred Dunt, K.C.M.G.  
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.  
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.  
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.  
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Branches:  
The Bank of England.  
The London City & Midland Bank, Limited.  
The London County & Westminster Bank, Limited.  
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.  
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:  
Amritsar Illo Puket  
Bangkok Ipoh Rangoon  
Batavia Karachi Saigon  
Bombay Klang Seremban  
Calcutta Kobe Singapore  
Canton Kuala-Lumpur Shanghai  
Cebu Madras Sourabaya  
Colombo Malacca Taiping  
Delhi Manila (F.M.S.)  
Fuchow Medan Tavy (Lower)  
Haiphong New York Burma  
Hankow Peking Tientsin  
Hongkong Penang Yokohama

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.  
Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for Collection. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.  
Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement. Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

W. B. SUTHERLAND, Manager.

## BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital .....Fr. 48,000,000.00  
Reserves .....Fr. 48,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:  
Bangkok Hanoi Saigon  
Batambang Hongkong Shanghai  
Canton Mengtze Singapore  
Djibouti Noumea Tientsin  
Dondichery Peking Tourane  
Haiphong Papeete  
Hankow Phnom-Penh

Bankers:  
IN FRANCE: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.  
IN LONDON: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN, Manager.

## Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique  
Societe Anonyme  
Paid-up Capital .....Fr. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.  
London Office: 2 Bishopsgate  
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam.

President:  
JEAN JADOT,  
Gouverneur Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:  
LONDON: Martin's Bank, Ltd.  
BRUSSELS: Societe Generale de Belgique.  
ANTWERP: Banque d'Anvers.  
PARIS: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Anonyme.  
LYONS AND MARSEILLES: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.  
NEW YORK: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Tael and fixed deposits according to arrangement.  
Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

W. A. HOBBS, Manager.

## Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital .....\$15,000,000  
Reserve Funds:  
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2s. \$15,000,000  
Silver .....18,000,000  
\$33,000,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors .....\$15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG.

Court of Directors:  
W. L. Pattenden, Esq., Chairman.  
S. H. Dodwell, Esq., Deputy  
C. E. Anton Esq.  
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq. [Chairman]  
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.  
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak.  
J. A. Plummer, Esq.  
Hon. Mr. E. Shellim.

Chief Manager:  
Hongkong-N. J. STARR.

Branches and Agencies:  
Amoy Ipoh Peking  
Bankok Johore Penang  
Batavia Kobe Rangoon  
Bombay Kuala Lumpur Saigon  
Calcutta London S. Francisco  
Canton Lyons Shanghai  
Colombo Malacca Singapore  
Fuchow Manila Sourabaya  
Hankow Nagasaki Tientsin  
Harbin New York Tientsin  
Illoilo Yokohama

London Bankers:  
London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.  
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.  
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.  
Local Bills Discounted.  
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.  
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN, Manager.

## Russo-Asiatic Bank

Capital (fully-paid) .....55,000,000  
Reserve Fund .....24,000,000

Kopecks.

Capital Contributed by the  
Chinese Government ....3,500,000

Reserve Fund .....1,743,000

Head Office: PETERSBURG.

Paris Office: 9, Rue Boudreau.

London Office: 64, Old Broad St., E.C.

Bankers:  
LONDON: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.

PARIS: Societe Generale pour favoriser le developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.

LYONS: Societe Generale pour favoriser le developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

For Eastern Branches and Agencies  
Bombay Hallan Peking  
Calcutta Hankow Shanghai  
Chanchun Harbin Tientsin  
(Kwan-Hongkong Tientsin  
chenshe) Newchwang Vladivostok  
Chefoo Nicolayowsk Yokohama  
Dalny (Dalren o-A

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH  
Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits in Tael, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.  
SAFE DEPOSITS BOXES:  
J. JEZERSKI,  
Q. CARRERE,  
Managers for China and Japan

## The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Paid-up Capital \$200,000

All kinds of banking business transacted.

Currency Exchange a speciality. Special department for handling loans against warehouse receipts and other commercial paper.

Interest on Tael current accounts 2%.

Particular of interest allowed on Dollar current accounts and fixed deposits can be obtained on application.

K. P. CHEN, General Manager.

## The Bank of China.

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital .....\$60,000,000  
Paid-up Capital .....\$10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

Branches and Agencies:  
Peking, Tientsin, Newchwang, Mukden, Changchun, Harbin, Dairen, Tsinan, Tsingtau, Kaifung, Hankow, Ichang, Shanshi, Wuhu, Yangchow, Chinkiang, Nanking, Shanghai, Hangchow, Ningpo, Foochow, Canton, Nanchang, Taiyuen, etc., etc.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,  
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Deposit Account in Tael at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:  
For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum.  
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.  
For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG, Manager.

## Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:  
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than \$1, or over \$100, will be received at one time.

Not more than \$1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of \$5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3 1/2 per cent. per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Tael, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.  
Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

## Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital .....Fr. 45,000,000

One-third of the Capital, i.e. Fr. 15,000,000, subscribed by

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthelot.  
General Manager, A. J. Pernotta.

HEAD OFFICE:  
74, Rue St. Lazare, PARIS.

Branches in Peking, Tientsin and Shanghai

BANKERS:  
In France: Societe Generale pour le developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

In London: London, County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

G. LION, Manager.

## Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed ... Yen 48,000,000

Capital Paid-up ..... " 30,000,000

Reserve Fund ..... " 20,800,000

London Bankers:  
Union of London & Smith's Bank, The London Joint Stock Bank, Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:  
Antungshin London Port Arthur  
Bombay Liaoyang S. Francisco  
Calcutta Los Angeles Singapore  
Changchun Lyons Sydney  
Dalny Mukden Sinanfu  
Hankow Nagasaki Tieling  
Harbin Newchwang Tientsin  
Honolulu Osaka Tientsin  
Kobe Peking

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Tael and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Accounts at 2% p.a. on daily balance and on Fixed Deposits:  
For 3 months at 3% per annum.  
For 6 months at 4% per annum.  
For 12 months at 5% per annum.  
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

## International Banking Corporation

Head Office:  
National City Bank Building  
55 Wall Street, New York

London Office:  
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.

Capital paid-up ..U.S. \$3,250,000.00

Reserve and Undivided Profits .....9,317,774.11

U.S. \$7,181,774.11

Branches at:  
Bombay Hongkong Singapore  
Calcutta Kobe San Francisco  
Canton London Tientsin  
Cebu Manila Yokohama  
Colon (P.C.Z.) Medellin Peking  
Hankow Panama Shanghai

Through its close affiliation with THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special services of the Branches of that Institution in Cuba and South America—BUENOS AIRES, HABANA, MONTEVIDEO, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTIAGO DE CUBA, SANTOS, SAO PAULO, VALPARAISO, BAHIA-BRAZIL.  
The Corporation transacts every description of Banking and Exchange business, issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, available in all other parts of the world, and receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and on FIXED DEPOSIT UPON terms which can be ascertained on application.

G. HOGG, Manager.

## Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLAND TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up Capital—  
Guilds. 55,000,000 (about £4,583,333)

Reserve Fund—  
Guilds. 9,925,431 (about £827,120)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.

Head Agency: BATAVIA

Agencies in Holland:  
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:  
Banjarmasin Padang Soerakarta  
Bandoeng Palembang Tandjong Balai  
Cheribon Pekalongan Tebing-Tinggi  
Djember Penang Tegal  
Djokjakarta Pontianak Telok-Betong  
Hongkong Rangoon Tjilatjap  
Kota-Radja Semarang Weltevreden  
Makassar Singapore  
Medan Soerabaya

London Bankers:—  
Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives letters of credit on its branches and correspondents, and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in tael and dollars.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED ON current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG, Manager.

## Commercial Bank of China

Head office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000

Paid-up Capital .... Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed Deposits:  
For 3 months at 3% per annum.  
For 6 months at 4% per annum.  
For 12 months at 5% per annum.  
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL, Chief Manager.

## The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Authorised Capital .....H. \$2,000,000

Subscribed and Paid-up Capital .....H. \$1,357,850

Reserve Fund .....H. \$70,000

Head Office:  
6, Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office: 2, Ningpo Road.

Drafts granted on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for collection and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% p.a. on daily balance and on Fixed Deposits:  
For 3 months at 3% per annum.  
For 6 months at 4% per annum.  
For 12 months at 5% per annum.  
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

JUKUUN, Manager.

## The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorised Capital .....£1,500,000

Subscribed Capital .....1,125,000

Paid-up Capital .....562,500

Reserve Fund .....550,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:  
Bank of England.  
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies:  
Bombay Howrah Madras  
Calcutta Kandy Penang  
Colombo Karachi Port Louis  
Delhi Kota Bahru (Mauritius)  
Galle (Kelantan) Rangoon  
Hongkong Kuala Lumpur Shanghai  
Singapore

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH, Acting Manager.

7 Nanjing Road.

## BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Paid-up Capital: Kuangping Tael 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

Fifty Branches and Agencies in China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on current accounts and on fixed deposits in Tael and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credit granted on approved securities and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

5559.

## Provision Prices in Local Markets

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollars cents at Hongkong market, as compiled on November 14, 1916.

Butcher's Meat

Beef per lb. 14-20

Mutton " 16-20

Pork " 25-30

Veal " 25-30

Fish

Bream per lb. 20-25

Cod " 20-25

Mandarin " 30-40

Mackerel " none

Pomfret " none

Salmon " 20-25

Samol " none

Soles " 20-40

Whitebait " 25-30

Game, Poultry and Eggs

Deer each 2.00-2.50

Duck per doz. 10-20

Geese per doz. 10-12

Pheasant per doz. 10-12

Pigeons " none

Plover " none

Quail " 14-16

Snipe " 14-16

Turkey per lb. 45-50

Tail " 14-16

Wild Duck " 30-35

Wild Geese " 40-50

Woodcock " 50-60

Wild Pigson " 10-12

Fruit

Apples per lb. 15-20

Apricots " none

Bananas " 5-6

Cherries " none

Cocoanuts each 15-20

## Passengers Departed

Per R.M. s.s. Empress of Japan for Vancouver:—Mrs. M. L. Dobler, Mr. C. S. Gilson, Mr. Ab-del-Nour, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Benjamin, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Blake, Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Endeley, Miss D. Endeley, Mr. Kawashima, Mr. W. H. Lilley, Mr. O. C. Lloyd, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Paul, Mr. J. L. Duff, Mr. A. McGregor, Mrs. G. C. Sharp and Mrs. Hibbard.

Per R.M. s.s. Empress of Asia for Hongkong:—Mr. F. Hamilton Sawyer, Miss A. Clegg, Mr. Mary Ketring, Madame C. Valls, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Mathews, Mr. A. S. King, Master B. King, Mr. J. E. Fulton, Mr. and Mrs. L. Bloch, Mr. and Mrs. A. Z. Sycip, Mr. R. B. Gibson, Mr. I. R. C. Isaacs and Mr. R. M. Mojica. Per C.N. s.s. Shengking for Weihaiwei:—Mr. and Master Crudge. For Chefoo:—Messrs. Nakahuma and E. Schlandecker. For Tientsin:—Mr. Deane.

Per C.N. s.s. Anhui for Hong-

kong:—Mrs. Kinghorn and 3 children, Lieut. W. J. Wrona, Messrs. M. Delithell, M. Heusch, Mr. Jouvelet, M. Forunier, M. Borowsky, M. Fairbourn, Mr. Rollet, M. Etienney and M. Lerideau.

Per C.N. s.s. Ngankin for Kluang:—Mr. S. H. Clark. For Hankow:—Pastor Ding Li-mei, Messrs. Meyer, R. H. Gregory, D. J. Steinberg, H. E. Heacock, Wong Kwong, Cox and E. A. Moffett. Per C.N. s.s. Tungting for Changsha:—Mrs. F. A. Keller, Mrs. M. G. Keller and Rev. F. A. Keller M.D. For Hankow:—Mr. Kabbert.



## GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

## Future Sailings

## FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Nov 21	..	Tacoma	Ishikushima maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
..	..	New York via Panama	Kanagawa maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	Seattle	Kanagawa maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec 2	..	Vancouver etc.	Empress of Asia	Br.	C. P. O. S.
..	..	San Francisco	Korea maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
..	..	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P. M. S. S. Co.
..	..	New York	Tenshin maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	D.L. Boston & New York	Enryumaru	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	San Francisco	Siberia maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
..	..	Seattle, Victoria etc.	Tambara maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	San Francisco	Tenyo maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
..	..	Vancouver R.O.	Empress of Russia	Br.	C. P. O. S.
Jan 3	..	San Francisco	Ecuador	Am.	P. M. S. S. Co.
..	..	Seattle, Victoria etc.	Shidzuka maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

## FOR JAPAN PORTS

Nov 21	..	Kobe, Yokohama	Kashima maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	Nagasaki, Moji, Kobe	Hakusai maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Kumano maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	Nagasaki	Panama	Br.	R. V. F.
..	..	Nagasaki, Moji, Kobe	Yamashiro maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	Kobe, Yokohama	Amakaze	Fr.	Cie M. M.
..	..	Kobe, Yokohama	Nankin	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Moji, Kobe, Yokohama	Yokohama maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	Nagasaki, Moji, Kobe	Oni maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	Kobe & Osaka	Kasuga maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama	Kurea maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
..	..	Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama	Empress of Asia	Br.	C. P. O. S.

## FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Nov 21	..	P. d. Java Ports	Tjikini	Dut.	H.-C. T. Co.
..	..	Genoa, London etc.	Gienogio	Br.	Glen Line
..	..	1000* Marseilles, London via Suez	Malta	Br.	P. & O.
..	..	Genoa	Merionethshire	Br.	J. M. & Co.
..	..	1000* Marseilles etc.	Polynesien	Fr.	Cie M. M.
..	..	D.L. Liverpool via Cape	Onida	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	London via Hongkong etc	Katori maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	London via Cape	Cyclops	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	1000* Marseilles etc.	Amazona	Br.	Cie M. M.
..	..	1000* Marseilles, London via Suez	Nankin	Br.	P. & O.
..	..	Genoa, London etc.	Glenline	Br.	Glen Line
..	..	D.L. Liverpool via Cape	Ninchow	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	London via Cape	Keemun	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	1000* Marseilles etc.	Kamo maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	London via Hongkong etc	Peilus	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	London via Cape	Kashima maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	D.L. London via Cape	Tuener	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	London via Cape	Phenius	Br.	B. & S.

## FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Nov 21	..	D.L. Hongkong, Canton	Luchow	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Suez, Hongkong, Canton	Wingsang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
..	..	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	Hongkong	Korea maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
..	..	D.L. Hongkong via Manila	Venezuela	Am.	P. M. S. S. Co.
..	..	D.L. Hongkong, Canton	Shantung	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	D.L. Swatow, Hongkong	Tamsui	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	D.L. Hongkong, Canton	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	D.L. Hongkong, Canton	Kiuhang	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	D.L. Hongkong, Canton	Tambara maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	D.L. Hongkong via Manila	Ecuador	Am.	P. M. S. S. Co.

## FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Nov 21	..	800* Dally direct	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
..	..	1000* Weihaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Shantung	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	A. M. Chefoo, Tientsin	Anping	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.
..	..	1000* Haichow, Echling	Singau	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	1000* Weihaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Kingsing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
..	..	D.L. Haichow, Echling	Yochow	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	1000* Tientsin and Dally	Kobe maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
..	..	1000* Vladivostok	Pen-a	Rus.	R. V. F.
..	..	1000* Tientsin via Tientsin	Keelung maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	1000* Weihaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	1000* Tientsin	Chekiang	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	1000* Weihaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.

## FOR RIVER PORTS

Nov 21	..	M.N. Hankow etc.	Tachang maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	..	M.N. do	Suiwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
..	..	M.N. do	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	M.N. do	Changong	Br.	Geddes & Co.
..	..	M.N. do	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	M.N. do	Kiangyung	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.
..	..	M.N. do	Kiung	Br.	J. M. & Co.
..	..	M.N. do	Kiangyung	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.
..	..	M.N. do	Puckwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
..	..	M.N. do	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	M.N. do	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
..	..	M.N. do	Kiangkwan	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.

\*A.M. M.N.—Midnight. D.L.—Daylight.

## Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Nov 19	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	2888	Br.	R. & S.	CNWX
Nov 19	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	2151	Chl.	N. S. N. Co.	NSCW
Nov 20	Hongkong	Tikini	2888	Dut.	H.-C. T. Co.	
Nov 20	Swatow	Chinkiang	1292	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
Nov 20	Japan	Fu oku ma u	346	Jap.	S. M. R.	WW
Nov 20	Dally	Sakaki maru	668	Br.	B. & S.	CNW
Nov 20	Hongkong	Shantung	3147	Jap.	N. Y. K.	NYKW
Nov 20	Japan	Kumano maru	983	Br.	J. M. & Co.	SHW
Nov 20	Chefoo	Anping	1119	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.	KLYW
Nov 20	Hankow	Tachang maru	2225	Jap.	N. Y. K.	NYKW
Nov 20	Hankow	Tsengtaih	476	Br.	C. I. L. & Co.	
Nov 20	Hongkong	Kashima maru	6211	Jap.	N. Y. K.	
Nov 20	Hongkong	Taisei maru	1503	Jap.	N. Y. K.	
Nov 20	Japan	Chishima maru	245	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.	KLYW
Nov 20	Hankow	Kiangyung	245	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.	KLYW

## Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents
Nov 19	Vancouver etc.	Empress of Japan	3739	Br.	C. P. O. S.
..	San Francisco	China	3156	Am.	C. M. S. N. Co.
..	Hongkong, Canton	Anhui	1355	Br.	R. & S.
..	Dally	Anson maru	1221	Jap.	M. R. K.
..	Chienyangtao	Borunbeet	1156	Jap.	K. M. A.
..	Dally	Chienyangtao	1007	Jap.	M. B. Co.
..	Chefoo, Tientsin	Fengtien	1073	Br.	B. & S.
..	Swatow etc.	Keelung maru	2806	Jap.	N. Y. K.
..	Hongkong, Canton	Keelung maru	489	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.
..	Hankow etc.	Kwangtsh	1336	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.
..	Nankin	Ningshao	1920	Chl.	N. S. Co.
..	Swatow	Nankin	1719	Br.	B. & S.
..	Weihaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Shantung	794	Br.	B. & S.
..	Hankow etc.	Kiangyung	1468	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.
..	Japan	Nakata maru	812	Jap.	A. P. Co.
..	Manila	Pukufu maru	1942	Jap.	M. B. K.
..	Mineo	Hsin Peking	2888	Br.	B. & S.
..	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	2151	Chl.	N. S. N. Co.

## Vessels Loading

## For River Ports

**HANKOW AND PORTS.**—The Co's Str. Tachang Maru, Captain S. Hosokawa, will be despatched from the Pootung N.K.K. Wharf on Tuesday, November 21 at about 12 o'clock midnight. This steamer has extra spacious staterooms (electric fans fitted). European food of the best cuisine is provided. The last steam launch will leave Canton Road jetty at 11 p.m. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

**HANKOW AND PORTS.**—The Co's Str. Siangyang Maru, Captain J. A. Scott, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Wharf on Wednesday, November 22 at about 12 o'clock midnight. This steamer has extra spacious staterooms (electric fans fitted and iron beds in single tier). Smoking Room and all the convenience usually found in a first class Mail Steamer. European food of the best cuisine is provided. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

**HANKOW AND PORTS.**—The Str. Kiangyung, Capt. Wm. McIlwain, will leave on Wednesday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

## For Southern Ports

**HONGKONG.**—The s.s. Korea Maru, will leave on Wednesday, November 22. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 6 p.m. For passage apply to The American Trading Company.

## For Northern Ports

**CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.**—The Str. Anping, Capt. W. R. Wallace, will leave on Wednesday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

## For Foreign Ports

**SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.**—The s.s. Korea Maru will leave on Saturday, December 2, 1916. Passengers booked to all points in America, and ports in Great Britain and Europe. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at noon. For Freight or passage apply to The American Trading Company.

## For Japan

**NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.**—The s.s. Korea Maru will leave on Saturday, December 2, 1916. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at noon. For Freight or Passage apply to The American Trading Company.

## Shipping Items

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung left Hankow for Shanghai on Saturday. The N.K.K. s.s. Tafo Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Saturday. The L.C. s.s. Kutwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday. The C.M. s.s. Hsinchih left Fochow for Shanghai on Saturday. The N.K.K. s.s. Tachi Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday. The L.C. s.s. Tuckwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday. The C.N. s.s. Luenyi left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday. The C.M. s.s. Kiangkwan will leave Hankow for Shanghai today. The C.N. s.s. Poyang will leave Hankow for Shanghai today. The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow. The C.N. s.s. Fengtien left Tientsin for Shanghai on Sunday. The C.N. s.s. Yingchow left Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday. The C.N. s.s. Chienan will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today. The N.K.K. s.s. Nanang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today. The N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow. The C.N. s.s. Chekiang will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today. The watermark at Hankow on the 17th instant was 29' 6", and at Kiuhang on the following day 27' 9". The L.C. s.s. Esang left Tientsin for Shanghai via Chefoo and Tientsin on Sunday. The L.C. s.s. Kwongshang will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Kwanglee left Hongkong for Shanghai on Saturday. The C.M. s.s. Kwellee left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday. The C.M. s.s. Poochi will leave Wenchow for Shanghai tomorrow.

## Passengers Arrived

Per I.C. s.s. Hsin Ningshao from Ningpo.—Mr. Hostling.  
Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking from Ningpo.—Mrs. and Master A. Cumming and Mr. T. Jernigan.  
Per C.N. s.s. Shuntien from Chefoo.—Mr. and Miss Gardner.  
Per C.N. s.s. Luchow from Hongkong.—Miss Anderson.  
Per S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru from Dally.—Mr. and Mrs. V. Utue, Mr. Malenique, From Tientsin.—Mr. and Mrs. V. Bradshaw, Mr. F. Fraser and Mr. F. Hohuter.  
Per C.N. s.s. Shangtung from Hongkong.—Mr. Wethall.  
Per C.N. s.s. Tachang from Hankow.—Mr. J. E. Bingham, Mr. D. V. Manortrecht and Mr. John S. Gee.  
Per M.R. s.s. Empress of Asia from Vancouver.—Mr. E. Backhouse, Mr. H. F. Bain, Miss M. A. Beatty, Mrs. Bradshaw, Capt. Wu Kang-chun, Mr. A. J. H. Carill, Mr. Jas. A. Collins, Mr. O. B. Gamesborough, Mr. A. Gall, Mr. C. E. Geddes, Mrs. J. N. Gibby, Rev. F. B. Graves, Dr. and Mrs. G. M. Hartwell, Bishop D. T. Huntington, Commander I. Hutton, Rev. and Mrs. J.

## Launch Services

**TODAY**  
The launch conveying passengers to the N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru will leave the Canton Road jetty at 11 p.m.

**TOMORROW**  
The tender conveying passengers and mails to the T.K.K. s.s. Korea Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m.

## Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Nov 14	Hankow	Albenga	2760	Ger.	Carlowitz	YWGW
Nov 9	Hongkong	Alma	459	Br.	J. M. & Co.	10 p
Aug 4	Hongkong	Bonemis	4882	Am.	Aus. Lloyd	B VII
Aug 6	Hongkong	China	3888	Am.	Aus. Lloyd	B XIII
Nov 1	Hongkong	Chenau	2200	Br.	B. & S.	I. T. D.
Nov 19	Hankow	Changong	1289	Br.	Geddes & Co.	NSCW
Aug 8	Hongkong	D. Rickmers	3651	Ger.	H. I. & Co.	USA
Nov 18	Hongkong	Egmont Castle	35	Br.	Dodwell	B
Nov 18	Hankow	Edmund Barry	1678	Rus.	N. S. S. Co.	10 p
Dec 27	Nanking	Fortuna	182	Ger.	H. I. & Co.	10 p
Nov 18	Japan	Hakui maru	1434	Jap.	N. Y. K.	NYKW
Nov 5	Native Customs	Ichi maru	670	Jap.	M. B. K.	9 p
Nov 19	Ja. an	Ishikushima maru	2549	Jap.	A. T. Co.	Int. D.
Nov 18	Hankow	Kinling	2511	Br.	B. & S.	KLYW
Nov 18	Hankow	Kiangshin	1210	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.	HW
Nov 19	Hongkong	Keemun	7333	Br.	B. & S.	CNWX
Nov 2	Swatow	Linan	1352	Br.	B. & S.	ONW
Nov 18	Hankow	Lienhua	308	Br.	J. M. & Co.	SHW
Nov 18	Hankow	Lencho	1205	Br.	J. M. & Co.	WTW
Nov 19	Hongkong	Luchow	1216	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
July 16	Hankow	Meldah	1582	Ger.	Melchers	NGLB 1
July 10	Hankow	Mellee	1582	Ger.	Melchers	NGLB 1
Nov 19	Hankow	Meian	416	Am.	S. O. H. Co.	SOOW
July 30	Tsingtao	Sikiang	1840	Ger.	H. A. L.	9 p
July 30	Hongkong	Stiles	5446	Am.	Aus. Lloyd	B IX
Nov 14	Newchwang	Singau	1049	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
Nov 19	Japan	Sibon	1104	Br.	F. & Co.	
Nov 9	Chienyangtao	Shinfoo	1335	Chl.	K. M. A.	
Nov 19	Tientsin	Shuntien	1082	Br.	B. & S.	CNWX
Nov 8	Hankow	Sulwo	1981	Br.	J. M. & Co.	HW
Oct 20	Hankow	Tah ng maru	1078	Jap.	N. Y. K.	LPDUW
Nov 19	Hankow	Tachang maru	681	Jap.	N. Y. K.	LPDUW
Nov 11	Chienyangtao	Whashen	1745	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.	NSCW
Nov 19	Hankow	Wushang	1719	Br.	B. & S.	CNWX
Nov 5	Hankow	Yuenkiang maru	1496	Jap.	N. Y. K.	TKDD
Nov 18	Hankow	Yohyang maru	1917	Jap.	N. Y. K.	LPDUW

## Men-of-War In Port

Action	Date	From	Name	Flag	Tons	Guns	Men	Commander
8 II	Oct. 25	Cruise	Brooklyn	Am. crn.	9215	30	562	Day
8 II	Oct. 21	Cruise	Klran	Am. g.b.	650	8	86	Friggs
P & O	Oct. 16	Cruise	Galveston	Am. g.b.	8200	18	309	Kellogg
8 p.	Nov. 14	Cruise	Helera	Am. g.b.	139	8	156	Brotherton
8 p.	Nov. 8	Cruise	Morocacy	Am. g.b.	180	2	47	Clarke
7 p.	Nov. 16	Cruise	Centros	Am. g.b.	350	4	54	Loftin
8 p.	Oct. 25	Cruise	Villalobos	Am. g.b.	370	6	54	Clarke
8 p.	Oct. 21	Cruise	Wilmington	Am. g.b.	1392	8	159	Chadwick

The French gunboats D. de Lagree and Decidies, the Japanese gun



## Business and Official Notices

### SECOND 5% RUSSIAN INTERNAL SHORT TERM LOAN OF 1916.

Rbls. 3,000,000,000.00  
reimbursable at par on the  
14th of October, 1916.

Subscription to the above loan is  
opened in Russia on the 14th of  
November up to the 26th of Decem-  
ber, 1916.

The price of issue is 95%.  
The Loan is entirely free of  
Income Tax and of other taxation.  
The Loan will not be converted  
before the date fixed for reimbursement.

Coupons are payable in Russia  
half yearly on the 14th of April  
and 14th of October.

Interest on the above Loan runs  
from the 1/14 of October, 1916—  
this is to be taken into consideration  
when subscribing and added to the  
price of issue.

The Russo-Asiatic Bank and its  
Branches in China, Japan and  
India are ready to accept applica-  
tions for the above named loan.

Special favourable rates will be  
quoted for Russian Exchange.

Applications will be wired to  
grad free of telegraphic  
charges and commission. The  
Bank is ready to give every facility  
to subscribers in the shape of ad-  
vances against the Bonds.

L. JEZERSKY,  
Manager.

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## Japanese Press Comment On Topics Of The Day

Mr. Taketomi on Preparedness for Peace—Okuma Minis-  
try's Financial Policy—President Wilson's Victory

Tokio, November 14.—The Koku-  
min prints an article by Mr. Take-  
tomi, former minister of finance in  
the Okuma ministry, on the subject  
of preparation after the war, in  
which the ex Finance Minister says:  
"It was a mistake to think that  
the Okuma ministry stood for no-  
loan policy. We have never used  
such an expression at all. We only  
maintained that the government  
should not issue bonds in foreign  
countries and should not encourage  
the people to issue local district  
bonds or private company bonds  
abroad. The critics may have mis-  
understood our meaning. As the  
Seiyukai ministry borrowed money  
abroad at random in order to fill the  
gap in the specie reserve, there was  
every year an excess of about  
150,000,000 yen. So the Okuma  
ministry tried to discourage foreign  
loans and to increase the exports,  
with the object of paying off our  
foreign debts in time. Since the  
outbreak of the European war the  
financial world of Japan experienced  
a great change, and the specie re-  
serve abroad increased enormously,  
so that we could reduce the foreign  
debt considerably.

"According to a recent investiga-  
tion, our foreign debt up to the end  
of July, 1915, amounted to  
1,500,000,000 yen. At the end of  
September, the same year, it was re-  
duced to 1,400,000,000 yen, or about  
100,000,000 yen less than before.  
During this year, it is expected that  
about 160,000,000 yen more will  
have been paid off. As for the  
specie reserve abroad, at the end of  
July, 1915, there was about 420,000-  
000 yen, which at the end of Septem-  
ber increased to 630,000,000 yen. It  
is expected to increase to about  
700,000,000 yen in no time. This  
result was brought about by the wise  
management of the Okuma ministry.  
But our industries have not been  
arranged in such a way to meet  
orders coming during the war satis-  
factorily. For instance, when the  
order for 20,000,000 worth of shoes  
came we could not meet that order,  
to our great regret. The fact that  
America was able to amass big for-  
tunes during the war was due to the  
preparedness of America for it. America  
before the war had 700-  
000,000 yen of specie reserve, which  
today increased to 1,000,000,000 yen.  
The excess of exports over imports  
increased to 5,000,000,000, or even  
to 6,000,000,000 yen. Since the  
spring of this year about 4,000,000,000  
yen worth of foreign bonds were  
paid. As to the details, the article  
on Wilson and Prosperity in The  
Outlook may be consulted. We can  
see how great were the profits  
derived by America during the  
European war.

"Beside the increase of specie re-  
serve abroad of Japan, the bonds  
owned by the Japanese government

and the Bank of Japan which  
amounted to 210,000,000 yen at the  
end of July, 1915, increased to  
440,000,000 yen at the end of Septem-  
ber, that year. After the restora-  
tion of peace, it is expected that the  
industries will rise and the capital  
will be increased. Consequently,  
Japan should prepare to meet the  
various changes which will take  
place in the financial world.

"There are many things to be  
done in the way of improving the  
economic and financial opportunities  
of Japan. To do that, the specie  
accumulated should be utilized to  
the full extent of their service. The  
Japanese people should not be con-  
tent with the present degree of  
prosperity, but should go ahead to  
improve our opportunities.

**Wireless to Hawaii**  
The Jiji rejoices to know that the  
wireless telegraphy service between  
the Funabashi station here and  
Honolulu in Hawaii is to be opened  
to the public from November 16, will  
benefit the public enormously, as it  
will reduce the expense of com-  
munications by 64 sen per word be-  
tween Japan and Hawaii and 52 sen  
per word between Japan and the  
mainland of America. There are  
about 33,000 Japanese living in  
Hawaii. The messages exchanged  
are bound to increase considerably,  
because of the convenience afforded  
by the opening of the wireless ser-  
vice.

**President Wilson's Victory**  
The Yamato, commenting on the  
victory of Mr. Wilson in the presi-  
dential election, says that Mr. Wil-  
son will improve his policies to meet  
the needs of changing times, so that  
Japan should not neglect to watch  
whatever change he may introduce.

The Chuwo urges on the Demo-  
crats to keep on giving lustre to the  
great principle for which the Demo-  
cratic party has stood in the past,  
although there may be felt a need of  
taking a forward policy in diplomacy.  
**Where Japanese Elections Fall**  
The Tokio Mainichi finds reason  
for Japan to be ashamed in connection  
with the Presidential election in  
America, which revealed to the  
editor how instructive the political  
struggle in America is, whereas in  
Japan where, suffrage is qualified by  
property holdings there is nothing  
which will educate the people, save  
the lessons of failures to develop the  
constitutional principles.

**U. S. Railways in China**  
The Yodoka thinks that if America  
should try to use the railway con-  
cessions which she has secured in  
China to her political advantage it  
will be a great mistake. America  
should stick to her own strong point,  
namely, her economic and financial  
strength. No political ambition  
should be entertained in China.

### HWANG HSING SERVICE

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press  
Tokio, November 20.—The memo-  
rial service for General Hwang  
Hsing, held yesterday morning, was  
attended by three hundred of the  
most prominent representatives, in-  
cluding Baron Shibusawa, Mr. K.  
Minoura, ex-Minister of Com-  
munications and Mr. T. Kurachi,  
ex-Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs.  
Numerous wreaths were sent, one of  
the most elaborate being from  
Count Terauchi.

Mr. Inukai delivered the funeral  
oration. The Chinese legation was  
represented by the Secretary, in the  
absence of the Chinese Minister, Mr.  
Chang Chung-hsiang. Many stu-  
dents and others attended the cere-  
mony.

### COMBING THEM OUT

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
London, November 18.—The Man  
Power Distribution Board has  
issued a revised list of certified  
occupations. Some of the occu-  
pations formerly certified are removed.  
The age limit is raised generally.  
Single men are not reserved if below  
thirty years of age and married men  
if under twenty-five.

### News Brevities

The Chinese Postal Commissioner  
announces an extension of the  
domestic parcel service to the pro-  
vince of Sinkiang. Full particulars  
will be found in the advertisement on  
page 12 of this issue.

The lecture on "Russia after the  
War," previously announced to be  
given by Miss Ackerman on Decem-  
ber 8, in the Union Church Hall, will  
take place on the 11th prox.

A new society called the Socialist  
Educational Society has just been  
formed for the study of Socialism and  
particularly the works of Karl Marx.  
It is proposed to hold classes at the  
headquarters No. 87 Range Road for  
special courses of reading on social  
and economic subjects. Eventually,  
when the membership warrants the  
expenditure, the Society may publish  
pamphlets, newspapers, or books in  
Chinese so as to enlighten the public  
on the pressing economic problems of  
the present day. The annual sub-  
scription is \$2.00, with an entrance  
fee of \$1.00. The main object of the  
members is purely educational.

Mr. J. E. Bingham and Mr. D. V.  
Wanostrocht arrived here from  
Hankow yesterday by the C. N. str.  
Tatung.

Mr. Jorge Caesar Roza de Oliveira,  
the new Portuguese Consul-General  
for Shanghai, accompanied by his  
wife, arrived in Shanghai yesterday  
by the N. Y. K. str. Koshima Maru.

### WINTER HITS TRENCHES

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
London, November 18.—The cor-  
respondents at headquarters state  
that the weather now is very cold,  
with a keen east wind and frost at  
night. Snow is general in Europe.  
There are drifts three feet high in  
Wales. The trains in Germany are  
snow-bound. There has been a  
heavy snow-fall at Florence and  
snow is hindering operations in the  
Balkans.

### SILVER PRICES FALL

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
London, November 16.—Samuel  
Montagu's weekly silver report  
states: The undertone is good. The  
fall in prices is only the natural  
reaction of a healthy market, which  
derives its strength from the  
European and Indian currency de-  
mand and the firmness of the China  
exchanges.

### Bush-Roses Trees and Shrubs

supplied by

### The Shanghai Flora

88 Szechuen Road  
opposite  
Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Ltd.

### Gardens planned and laid out.

Estimates free.

## Allies Debate Answer To Teuton Mass Levy

Leading Statesmen and Soldiers  
Discuss Military and Eco-  
nomic Measures

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
Paris, November 17.—A con-  
ference of the Allies is being held  
here. Mr. Asquith, Mr. Lloyd  
George, General Sir Douglas Haig  
and General Sir William Robertson  
are taking part.

London, November 18.—The Paris  
correspondent of the Daily Express  
states that the conference of the  
Allies now sitting is considering mili-  
tary and economic measures, in  
answer to the German mass levy.

### SURPRISE MASAD CAMP

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
London, November 18.—An official  
despatch from Egypt reports: Our  
aircraft surprised and attacked an  
enemy camp at Masad, yesterday  
morning. 800 pounds of explosives  
were dropped effectively. Our  
machines have returned.

### INDO-CHINA'S GIFT

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
Paris, November 16.—It is offi-  
cially announced that Indo-China is  
presenting 7,500,000 Francs to the  
Government, for the purchase of  
cereal.

### ATTACK ON ESSEN

(Reuter's Agency War Service)  
Paris, November 18.—Captain  
Beauchamps, the long-distance avi-  
ation specialist, lately bombed Essen.

### EXTRACT OF MALT

with

### COD LIVER OIL

Highly nutritious

Easily digested

Palatable

Price \$1.00

per 1 lb. tin.

VOELKEL & SCHROEDER A.G.

37, Nanking Road,  
SHANGHAI.

## CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

### TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

### TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

000 — Midnight, 1330 — 130 p.m.

September 1st, 1916, and until further notice

Peking-Mukden Line				Tientsin-Pukow Line			
Mail	Mail	Lux	Miles	Mail	Mail	Lux	Mail
101	102	103	0	104	105	106	107
dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin
2345	1138	085	84	1224	1940	1940	1940
2350	1147	094	84	1224	1940	1940	1940
000	1155	100	84	1224	1940	1940	1940
1910	1200	105	84	1224	1940	1940	1940
Tientsin-Pukow Line				Tientsin-Pukow Line			
Local	Mail	Lux	Miles	Local	Mail	Lux	Mail
5	6	7	0	8	9	10	11
715	1130	—	0	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	—	—
725	1140	—	271	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	—	—
745	1200	—	271	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	—	—
1135	1500	—	78	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	—	—
1437	1745	—	148	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	—	—
1801	2001	—	—	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	—	—
7	8	9	220	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	—	—
1009	2201	—	266	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	—	—
1300	085	—	318	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	—	—
1315	016	—	377	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	—	—
1550	316	—	—	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	—	—
1815	400	—	—	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	—	—
9	10	11	430	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	—	—
630	407	—	—	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	—	—
1155	838	—	523	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	—	—
1205	840	—	523	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	—	—
1657	1102	—	600	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	—	—
1848	1300	—	631	dep. Tientsin	arr. Peking	—	—
Shanghai-Nanking Line				Shanghai-Nanking Line			
Express	Express	Express	Express	Express	Express	Express	Express
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
dep. Shanghai	arr. Nanking	dep. Nanking	arr. Shanghai	dep. Shanghai	arr. Nanking	dep. Nanking	arr. Shanghai
2300	1400	1400	193	2300	1400	1400	193
700	2100	—	—	700	2100	—	—
Yenchow-Tientsin Branch Line				Yenchow-Tientsin Branch Line			
930	1350	2100	Yenchow	530	1200	2000	Yenchow
1030	1450	2200	Tientsin	630	1300	2100	Tientsin

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"  
Conventional Signs.

300 — train runs on Thursday only. 230 — train runs on Fridays only.

300 — on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.

B — train has buffet car with regular meal service

S — train has sleep. accom. 1st & 2nd class. s — train has only 1st class sleep. accom.

Application for sleeping accommodation at \$5.00 per berth should, at the  
earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the  
Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hanchow or Pukow.

By Order,  
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, September, 1916.

## SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY

ABRIDGED TIME TABLE IN FORCE FROM THE 1st NOVEMBER, 1915.

### MAIN LINE.

### SHANGHAI TO ZAH KOU. "DOWN" ZAH KOU TO SHANGHAI. "UP"

TIMES							TIMES						
STATIONS	2 Local Mixed a.m.	4 Fast a.m.	6 Slow a.m.	8 Coolie Goods a.m.	10 Ex- Press p.m.	12 Local Mixed p.m.	STATIONS	1 Local Mixed a.m.	3 Fast a.m.	5 Slow a.m.	7 Coolie Goods a.m.	9 Ex- press p.m.	11 Local Mixed p.m.
Shanghai South . . . . .	dep.	8.00	8.55	10.15	8.30	4.20	Zah Kou . . . . .	dep.	7.20	8.20	9.25	2.35	5.10
Sung King . . . . .	arr.	8.52	10.01	11.24	4.13	5.46	Hangchow . . . . .	arr.	7.44	8.45	9.58	3.55	5.50
Lu Shai . . . . .	dep.	8.55	10.06	11.40	4.15	5.56	Chang An . . . . .	arr.	7.55	8.55	10.13	3.50	5.45
Lu Shai . . . . .	arr.	9.49	11.07	1.02	5.00	7.10	Yeh Zah . . . . .	arr.	8.52	10.11	12.15	3.41	5.46
Lu Shai . . . . .	dep.	10.11	11.25	1.33	5.19	7.40	Lu Shai . . . . .	dep.	9.25	10.44	1.15	4.06	5.31
Yeh Zah . . . . .	arr.	7.30	10.19	11.46	1.46	5.29	Yeh Zah . . . . .	arr.	9.32	11.01	1.50	4.06	5.31
Yeh Zah . . . . .	dep.	8.24	10.56	12.27	2.37	5.56	Lu Shai . . . . .	dep.	10.09	11.45	2.45	3.55	7.30
Chang An . . . . .	arr.	8.40	10.58	12.31	2.53	5.58	Lu Shai . . . . .	arr.	7.40	10.12	11.58	2.01	4.41
Chang An . . . . .	dep.	9.38	11.33	1.17	3.55	6.25	Lu Shai . . . . .	dep.	8.18	10.36	12.30	3.27	5.01
Hangchow . . . . .	arr.	11.18	12.28	2.30	5.32	7.09	Sung King . . . . .	arr.	9.38	11.29	1.39	4.49	5.44
Hangchow . . . . .	dep.	11.30	12.38	2.42	5.47	7.24	Shanghai South . . . . .	dep.	10.02	11.32	1.31	4.58	5.47
Zah Kou . . . . .	arr.	11.55	12.57	3.05	6.20	7.40			11.22	12.35	2.38	6.07	6.30



## Auctions

## R. W. HEIDORN &amp; CO.

have been favoured with instruction from Professor Dr. P. Krieg, on change of address to No. 22 Whangpoo Road, to sell at his residence

No. 11 Whangpoo Road on Monday, the 27th Nov., 1916, commencing at 10 a.m. and continuing at 2.30 p.m.

## Good Household Furniture &amp; Effects

comprising: Hall, Drawing Room, Dining Room, Study, bed and bathrooms, enameled bath with geyser, Pantry and Kitchen.

The sale will include: Garden plants, Lotus, pump, the motor house, brass crane, medical instruments, medical chair, apparatus for electrical treatment, vibrator for massage, an Egyptian mummy, aviary, self-registering barometer, pianola, gramophone, stained colored-glass window, silver cabin small Japanese shrine, carved vases and brasses, electric iron, c. sweeper, copp. coal box, copper water tap, receiver, violin, painter's case, etc.

At 12 o'clock sharp will be 2 Broughams, 1 Victoria and 1 harness. On view on Sunday, the 26th of November. Catalogues on the premises.

R. W. Heidorn & Co. Auctioneers. Telephone 4240, 7-8 French Bund.

## OPTICIAN

Dr. O. D. Rasmussen  
19 Nanking Road.  
Phone 3272

## PARISIAN SALOON

8 Nanking Road  
(Near the British Flower Store)

MADAME Leigh, arriving in Shanghai from America, formerly of the St. Francis Hotel, San Francisco, Specialist in Scalp treatments, manicuring, etc., wishes to notify the Ladies of Shanghai that she brings with her the latest equipment for beauty culture. She uses American preparations. Ladies desiring high-class attendance are invited to our parlour.

Shanghai, November 1, 1916.

## NURSERYLAND

## Chang-Su-Ho's Gardens

DECEMBER 1 and 2, 3-11 P.M.

FUN AND FROLIC FOR THE CHILDREN  
SIDESHOWS MANY AND VARIOUS

Come and

Hit the living JACK IN THE BOX,  
Eat the TARTS made, while you wait, by the QUEEN OF HEARTS.

Ride the HORSE OF TROY.

Shoot the "DICKY BIRDS."

Have a "dip" in the FOUR-AND-TWENTY BLACKBIRD PIE.

Fish in the FISH POND.

Paint your own XMAS CARDS.

and at 5 p.m. come to the Illustrated Tale of

## PETER PAN

Admission \$1.00, Children 50 cts. Tickets now on sale and may be obtained of the Hon. Sec., Mrs. QUIN, 77, Ave. du Roi Albert, or of Messrs MOUTRIE & CO.

## Winter Overcoats

New American Styles and American Patterns

Business and Evening Clothes

THOM SHING

G19 Tiendong Road, Hongkew

## Business and Official Notices

## BILL SMITH

Bill Smith while bathing his feet in a cup, upset the foot thing and gave the job up. The wet from his feet on the carpet did dribble. But Billy drank Crawford's and said: "Iskatable!"



CRAWFORD'S "SPECIAL RESERVE" IS THE SMOOTHEST SCOTCH KNOWN

Ask Bill

Garner, Quelch & Co.

Wine Merchants

## NOTICE

## CONSIGNEES

OF THE

## S.S. "FUKOKU MARU"

This vessel arrived here Nov. 20 and is discharging her cargo at China Merchants S. N. Co. Lower Wharf. Consignees will please surrender their Bills of Lading for endorsement to The Robert Dollar Company, Agents for Charterers.

11725

## IF YOU WISH TO HAVE FRESH COFFEE,

Vanila Beans & Chicory  
GO TO

THE SHANGHAI GENERAL STORE

No. 5 Broadway.

## RUSSIA AFTER THE WAR.

## A LECTURE

will be given by Miss Ackerman, F.R.S.G.S.

on Dec. 11, at 6 p.m.

in Union Church Hall.

Admission Free.

11716

Who put the bull

in

Oxford?

Watch this "Ad"

11681

## HARDWARE METALS AND SUNDRIES

## Zung Lee &amp; Sons

(Est. 1895, W. Z. Zee & Sons)  
SHANGHAI

## OVERSEAS TRADING CO. OF CALIFORNIA

IMPORTERS OF AMERICAN PRODUCTS

Representing

## WELLMAN, PECK &amp; COMPANY

(Wholesale Grocers and Coffee Dealers)

San Francisco, California

Telephone No. 980.

Address: 8a Peking Road.

## NOTICE OF REMOVAL

KNAPP & BAXTER, INC., beg to announce that they have moved from the 3rd and 4th floors of No. 6 Kiukiang Road, to their new offices on the 5th floor of the same building.



## ADDING

AND

## LISTING

MACHINES

FROM \$10. U.S.C. UPWARDS

## THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

4 CANTON ROAD, SHANGHAI.

## LYCEUM THEATRE

Owing to the great demand for seats

## Extra Performance

TONIGHT

at 9.15

TONIGHT

H. M. Government Official War Films

AND

## "BRITAIN PREPARED"

The programme includes operations of All Branches of the Navy. SUBMARINES Submerging and Emerging, Wonderful Explanatory scenes of the PERISCOPE, TORPEDO FIRING, Mine Sweepers, The Grand Fleet in the North Sea, ADMIRAL JELICOE on board his Flagship, H.M.S. Iron Duke, DESTROYERS, CRUISERS, First Line Battleships, Life on board H.M.S. QUEEN ELIZABETH of Dardanelles Fame, Battleship Firing Broadside Salvoes. The whole series forming a complete

## Review of the Navy.

ALSO

## Trench Pictures of Actual Fighting in Flanders

An INFANTRY CHARGE through Smoke Bombs, THE DESTRUCTION OF A GERMAN AEROPLANE (this is of special interest to the Shanghai Public because Lieut. REGINALD WINGROVE of Shanghai appears in these pictures). THE ACTUAL BATTLE OF ST. ELOI, scenes of fighting at LA BASSEE, Wonderful pictures of H.M. KING GEORGE, LORD KITCHENER AT THE FRONT, SIR WILLIAM ROBERTSON, Etc., Etc.

AEROPLANES performing amazing and daring feats in the air, and TROOPS, TROOPS, TROOPS and yet more TROOPS for ever MARCHING to the WAR.

## "Britain Prepared"

(Sole Director for the Far East—Mr. Maurice E. Bandman).

## LAST NIGHT

BOOK NOW AT MOUTRIE'S.

11719

## CHINESE POST OFFICE

NOTIFICATION No. 290

## Extension of Domestic Parcel Service to Sinkiang.

The extension of the Domestic Parcel Post System to the Province of Sinkiang will take effect from the 1st December, 1916, subject to the following regulations.

Tariff.—(a) Parcels between places in Sinkiang are subject to double rates, i.e. 40 cents for the first kilo and 20 cents for each subsequent kilo or fraction thereof.

(b) Parcels to, or from, Sinkiang are subject to quadruple rates, i.e. 80 cents for the first kilo and 40 cents for each subsequent kilo or fraction thereof. (c) Parcels between Yunnan and Sinkiang, transmitted via Indo-China, are subject to treble rates, i.e. 60 cents for the first kilo and 30 cents for each subsequent kilo or fraction thereof, in addition to the special rates for parcels via Indo-China; vide Tariff Notification No. 60, Tariff Remarks.

Dimensions and Weight.—No parcel Domestic Parcel, 10" (c) 4" may exceed 5 kilos (11 lbs.) in weight nor 30x30x30 centimeters (1x1x1 foot) in dimensions.

Route.—Parcels to, and from, Sinkiang can only be transmitted via Kansu and may be from 4 to 6 months en route according to circumstances.

Packing.—Parcels must be securely packed in a manner adequate to the great length of the journey and the trying conditions of overland transport.

C. ROUSSE,

Postal Commissioner, B/O Associate Director General, Chinese Post Office, Shanghai, November 20, 1916.

11715

## H. S. HONIGSBERG &amp; CO.

Announce that Mr. F. Eitter is in charge of their Repair Department. Repairs and Electrical Work done accurately and promptly. Charges reasonable. Estimates furnished.

11660

## IF YOU WANT YOUR

## PROPERTY

## LOOKED AFTER

Your houses or other buildings rented, your rents collected and sent to you each month

## SEE

## China Realty Co., Ltd.

39 Nanking Road

## HOUSES WANTED

WANTED to buy a foreign house, on 3/7 mows, detached, with tennis, garage, etc. Apply to Box 127, THE CHINA PRESS.

11722 N 23

## OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICE ROOMS to let in The China Press Building (first and second floors) at Nos. 37 and 39 Canton Road. Moderate rentals. Apply on the premises, or at No. 10 Yangtszepoo Road.

11659 N 23

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 11

## Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

## APARTMENTS

## WINDSOR HOUSE

14-15 Quinsan Gardens

Front room, with bath-room and verandah attached, to let.

Tel. 3482

9408

## 8 &amp; 11 Quinsan Gardens

A very comfortable attic with all home comforts, Phone 1946.

10070

## TO LET

CENTRAL. Large and small rooms; bathrooms attached, Quiet comfort. Excellent cooking, very moderate terms. Apply to Box 368, THE CHINA PRESS.

11282

TO LET two well furnished Attic rooms at present. Apply Mrs. Pearson, 17 Quinsan Gardens.

11714

TO LET, one large front room, verandah and bathroom attached. Also one large back room. Good cuisine. Facing South. Apply 19 North Szechuen Road.

11721

TO LET, one minute from the Bund, Flat—dining and bedroom with closed verandah, kitchen, bathroom and servants' quarters, with corridor and closed verandah, electric light and gas-heating in all rooms, cheap rent. The whole or part of the furniture, etc., could eventually be taken over reasonably. Ideal home for bachelor or couple without children. Apply to Box 152, THE CHINA PRESS.

11711

TO LET, large and small comfortable rooms, bathrooms attached, with board, at moderate prices. Cuisine under foreign supervision. No. 100 Haining Road.

11712

TO LET, large furnished room, with bathroom, on ground floor. Range Road, very low rent. Apply to Box 132, THE CHINA PRESS.

11687 N 21

TO LET: Very desirable offices in a new building near the Bund. Apply to Box 124, THE CHINA PRESS.

11661 N 21

## HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, No. 448 Avenue Joffre, 9-roomed house, situated South-West corner of Avenue Joffre and Route des Soeurs. This house has just been renovated. Particulars of rent, etc., apply to China Realty Co., Ltd., 39 Nanking Road.

11720 N 23

TO LET, to a married couple, without children, in a highly-modern Realty house, one large, well-furnished bed-sitting-room, with tiled bathroom, and full board. Situation near French Park. Apply to Box 142, THE CHINA PRESS.

11692

## Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, A pointer dog (8 months old) of good parents, partly trained, \$60. Apply to Box 155, THE CHINA PRESS.

11717 N 23

ADVERTISER desires to hire good two or four-seater motor-car for about 4/5 weeks, while own is being overhauled. Apply to Box 149, THE CHINA PRESS.

11699 N 22

SMALL centerboard sailing yacht, in best condition, to sell, immediately. Apply Box 134, THE CHINA PRESS.

11680 N 21

## SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED: Position by book-keeper-stenographer; steady, sober, reliable; excellent testimonials. Apply to Box 19, THE CHINA PRESS.

11710 N 21

WANTED, stenography and type-writing to do evenings, Saturday afternoons and Sundays, by a competent American woman. Apply to Box 150, THE CHINA PRESS.

11701 N 25

EXPERIENCED accountant, well-recommended, requires position of any kind. Apply to Box 135, THE CHINA PRESS.

11681 N 21

## SITUATION VACANT

WANTED at once, 3 good servants, boy-cook, coolie and amah (Ningpoese not desired). Good wages to reliable servants. Apply to Box 154, THE CHINA PRESS.

11714 N 22

WANTED, in a jewellery store, a salesman and general assistant. Apply to Box 151, THE CHINA PRESS, giving references and stating nationality and salary required.

11702 N 22

## EDUCATIONAL

LADY just arrived from America, has opened a studio and will give lessons in piano. Address to Box 156, THE CHINA PRESS.

11718 N 26

GERMAN lady desires to give German lessons to ladies or gentlemen. Apply to Box 144, THE CHINA PRESS.

11694 N 21

PRIVATE lessons in English by certificated professional English lady teacher. Reasonable terms. Apply to Box 147, THE CHINA PRESS.

11703 D 2

## FINANCIAL

PARTNER WANTED, for development of industrial undertaking with unlimited prospects. I wish to meet educated and active Chinaman who could invest Tls. 40/50,000, and who would be willing to act as co-manager of the firm. Advertiser has himself 8 years' experience in China and will bring first-class business connections. For further information, please communicate with Box 153, THE CHINA PRESS.

11719 N 26

## TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consular, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1-a Peking Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

11719 N 26